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VOL. LXXXII.—NO. 137 VICTORIA B. C SATURDAY NOVEMBER 11 1899 FORTY-SECOND YEAR

Good Timers for Good Times

In days of prosperity one may with propriety buy that which would be counted as extravagant in the days of adversity. The general prosperity is now of 18-karat quality; the movement to better conditions is full-jewelled and perfectly adjusted.

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We Offer Same Cheap at
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Telephone 413. City Market.

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Tuesday November 14, at 2 p.m
In My Sale Rooms, Langley Street, Opp. Law Courts.
Superb Modern Furniture
Particulars later.
This sale will include some of the choicest and most costly furnishings ever seen in a sale room. Parties furnishing please note.
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In stock and made to order,
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All With-Profit Policies Effected Before that Date will Participate in the Division.
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For prices and other particulars apply to
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Unequalled for fit, finish and durability.
Quality guaranteed.
Sold by all Leading Dealers.

Parliament In January.

Tarte's Antics Have Dispelled Any Idea of Present General Election.

No Appeal to Country Until He Can Be Shelved or Suppressed.

Hoped That Choice of Early Date Will Avoid Summer Sittings.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Nov. 10.—It is settled that parliament will meet the last week in January or the first week in February. Any lingering idea that the government had of an appeal to the country this winter has been entirely dispelled by the events of the past month.

Mr. Tarte has developed into a veritable "Old Man of the Sea," and until the government can do something to lessen the feeling existing in all parts of Canada against the minister of public works there will be no appeal to the country.

While the date of the meeting of the houses has not been definitely nor formally fixed, ministers have talked the matter over and have come to the conclusion that it shall be not later than Thursday, January 25, or February 1.

In reaching this decision they have been influenced by the representations of prominent supporters all over the country, who have become heartily tired of summer sessions.

C. P. R. TRAFFIC.

Montreal, Nov. 10.—Traffic on the C. P. R. for the week ending November 7 was $683,000; for the same week last year, $567,000.

::JUST RECEIVED::
FALL AND WINTER Underwear
in the celebrated makes of
Dr Jaegers and Cartwright & Warner
Direct from the manufacturers, also the latest New York novelties in Shirts, Hats and Neckwear.
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We believe the following are good buys at present:
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For quotations on all British Columbia mining stocks call at our office.
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We have something good in Scissors and Shears (warranted)
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Our Razors and Shaving Materials are guaranteed. Full instructions given as how to use at
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have opened with a large stock of
GRAIN AND FEED
In the Duck building, 58 Broad street. They will also handle all kinds of live stock, and do a general commission business. A fine lot of fox terrier puppies for sale. Telephone 269.

Weather Strips Doors and Windows
W. J. ANDERSON,
Cor. Langley and Courtenay Streets.

THE SAMOAN BARGAIN.

French Press Chagrined at the Evidence of Anglo-German Friendship.

Paris, Nov. 10.—The more important of the Paris papers comment generally upon the Anglo-German agreement regarding Samoa in a moderate cautious tone.

The Gaulois, while doubting that the arrangement implies an understanding relative to general policy, regards it as proof that the relations between the two countries are improving.

The Figaro says: "Once more England has manoeuvred with superior skill in a moment critical for her prestige."

The Echo de Paris says: "The agreement is a political event, the importance of which will only appear little by little."

The Eclair advises France to prepare for a possible war with England.

The Journal des Debats finds the Samoan agreement "very significant from the point of Anglo-German-American relations" and says: "Discussing as to whether our diplomacy might not have been able to prevent this situation avails us nothing. We can only take note of the material fact of the existence of a new important factor in international politics."

London, Nov. 9.—The afternoon papers here express satisfaction at the Samoan settlement. They are especially gratified at the evidence of the continued good understanding between the three nations. The acquisition of Tutuila is regarded as setting the seal on the expansionist policy of the United States and a great development of the American navy is anticipated and welcomed.

AUSTRALIA SATISFIED.

Melbourne, Victoria, Nov. 10.—Premier Turner considers the Samoan settlement satisfactory.

Adelaide, South Australia, Nov. 10.—Treasurer Holder considers that the advantages of British supremacy in the Tonga islands are an equivalent for the surrender of British rights in Samoa.

Harassing The Filipinos.

Americans Bombard and Occupy a Stronghold But Insurgents Move On.

Forty Laggards Captured But Turned Loose After One Night's Detention.

By Associated Press.

Manila, Nov. 10.—The landing of American troops at San Fabian on Tuesday was the most spectacular affair of the kind since Gen. Shafter's disembarkation at Daiquerí. The co-operation of the troops and navy was complete. The gunboats maintained a terrific bombardment for an hour while the troops rushed waist-deep through the surf under a heavy but badly-aimed rifle fire from the insurgents' trenches, and charged right and left, pouring volley after volley at the fleeing rebels.

Forty Filipinos were captured, mostly non-commissioned officers. Several insurgent dead and five wounded were found in a building which had suffered considerably by the bombardment.

The town was well fortified, the sand dunes were rivetted with bamboo twenty feet thick, which afforded a fine cover.

The troops camped in the rain during the night, and in the morning Gen. Wheaton established his headquarters in a church and quartered his men in the houses and sent the captured Filipinos beyond the outposts, with orders not to return. The inhabitants describe all the roads as practically impassable, and say they believe Aguinaldo has secreted a yacht in the river Longapo, near Subig, for use in his flight when he finds his capture imminent.

Wednesday was devoted to reconnoitering. Major Logan went northward to Santo Anna and burned the Filipino barracks. Capt. Bucks' Thirteenth went to San Jaucinto and disposed of small bands. Marsh's Thirty-third went toward Magdalena on the Dagupan road, and had several sharp fights with small parties. They killed eight men, brought in twenty prisoners and had five men wounded.

The Santo Anna road seems to be the only possible means of retreat for a large body north of Tarlac, and Gen. Wheaton commands it. The insurgents of this section are going to reinforce Tarlac.

HAMILTON HOSPITAL.

Hamilton, Nov. 10.—The governors of the Hamilton hospital favor the erection of three wings at a cost of $25,000 each, to meet the growing demands of the institution.

In Buller's Keeping.

War News Except His Official Bulletins Held Back For Several Days.

Boers Treacherously Fire on British Party Answering Their Flag of Truce.

British in Ladysmith Saving Their Shells in Case Relief Is Long Delayed.

By Associated Press.

London, Nov. 11—(4:30 a. m.)—The lack of reports from South Africa is no longer due to pressure on the cables, as the Eastern Telegraph Company admits that the delay in transmission is only about two days. It is evident, therefore, that the censorship is responsible for all over two days' delay. This morning, however, the Daily Telegraph announces that its "appropriated" despatch from Ladysmith dated Monday, which the war office published on Tuesday, was not delivered in Fleet Street until yesterday (Friday) morning. It is believed that the war office received further despatches last evening, but nothing has been published.

A DUKE'S HINDSIGHT.

At a banquet in London yesterday the Duke of Cambridge, speaking on the war, said: "We ought never to have allowed ourselves to be in the position in which the outbreak of war found us. I could cry over the valuable lives which might have been spared had we been better prepared."

SAVING THEIR SHELLS.

The statement from Ladysmith that the British guns do not reply to the Boer artillery because the concrete beds for the guns have not yet been hardened, is interpreted in some quarters to mean simply that the British are husbanding ammunition, as the Boer fire is only a trick to get the British to waste shells.

Among the few items that have arrived from the Cape to-day is one saying that the Boers are planting more guns in the hills surrounding Ladysmith.

A gentleman who visited Nicholson's Nek after the engagement counted 25 killed and 71 wounded.

KIMBERLEY ADVICES.

The latest advices from Kimberley, dated November 2, say that all was well there then. An explosion had been heard and the supposition was that the Boers had blown up the railway outside of Dronfield.

TOLD TO MOVE ON.

The Belgian government, it is said, has warned Dr. Leyds, whose headquarters are at Brussels, that Belgium is a neutral country.

THE SIEGE TRAIN.

A company of Engineers from Gibraltar will accompany the siege train to the Cape and the men will be used in mounting the heaviest guns in embrasures.

Two battalions of mounted infantry, every man selected for his shooting qualities, will be sent to the front.

BULLER'S DAILY BULLETIN.

Transmits Another Official Report of Gross Treachery by Boers at Ladysmith.

London, Nov. 10.—The British war office has received from Gen. Buller the following despatch:

"Capetown, Thursday evening, Nov. 9.—I have received, by pigeon from Gen. White to-day, the following:

"The bombardment at long range by heavy guns continues daily.

"A few casualties are occurring, but no serious harm is being done.

"The Boers sent in to-day a number of refugees from the Transvaal under a flag of truce. A flag of truce from Ladysmith met them outside the pickets. When the party separated tse Boer guns fired on it before it reached our pickets.

"Major Gale, Royal Engineers, was wounded to-day while sending a message.

"The entrenchments are daily growing stronger and the supply of provisions is ample."

Gen. Buller also informs the war office that a message from Buluwayo, dated November 3, says: "A small convoy and escort, under Spreckley, of Plumer's force, was attacked by Boers on November 2. Six men are missing."

To get relief from indigestion, biliousness, constipation or torpid liver without disturbing the stomach or purging the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills; they will please you.

See The Line of

...TWO BIT...
BRIAR PIPES.
IN SHOW WINDOWS.
AT HARRY SALMON'S
THE CORNER.

X Rays on The Police

Commissioners Conclude to Search Beneath Troubled Surface of City Force.

Detectives' Joint Protest and Report on Gambling Raises Interesting Question.

Excusing Opposition to Sergeant, Constable Clayards Involves the Chief.

City police affairs "from the ground up" appear to be on the eve of investigation. The police commissioners at a special meeting last evening virtually decided upon an inquiry into the official conduct of the representative head of the department—while they had the friendly advice or warning of City Solicitor Bradburn that the public will not be satisfied with any investigation that is not thorough, open and conducted under oath and with all the facilities for the imparting of information that are available under a royal commission. Such an investigation it was finally agreed by the commissioners should be held, although the date, place and methods of procedure are left for subsequent arrangement.

In the meanwhile the already insufficient force is being practically reduced instead of increased, Constables Wood and Blackstock having assumed duty in the place of two members dismissed, but special officers Cameron and Johnston, each with considerable experience in police work in this city, have been "laid off," in disappointment of the understanding by Johnston that he was to have the option of the first vacancy on the regular staff.

One of the new constables, Mr. Wood, takes the beat from Douglas street to the city boundary at the other side of the Jubilee hospital; the other is supposed to patrol Victoria West and the greater part of the North Ward; while Constable Carter maintains law and order nightly in the James Bay district—from the outer wharf to Moss street, with a widely radiating area.

Mayor Redfern presided at last night's meeting, Commissioners McMicking and Brydon being also present, with City Solicitor Bradburn and Chief of Police Sheppard. The meeting did not open until after 8.30, by reason of the fact that Commissioners' Clerk Page (like the newspaper men) had received no notification of the meeting.

Before proceeding to the listed business of the evening, the Mayor directed attention, as a matter of privilege, to an item in the Colonist of Friday in which was contained the following paragraph:

"Another matter claiming attention in connection with city police affairs is ex-Constable Abel's position. He has been known for weeks to have important charges to prefer in connection with police direction, but receiving no invitation from the commissioners to present these charges before that body, he has by advice gone to the Attorney-General, with whom he had an interview several days ago. The result will be looked for with interest."

"I may state in this connection," he said, "that Mr. Abel has not approached me or either of the other commissioners with his charges. If he had done so he would at once have been requested to formulate them and they would have been investigated. It is not the business of the commissioners to go running round taking note of all street gossip—every story that anyone may circulate. If any man has charges to make, however, he has only to put them in writing and come forward with a request for their investigation, and they will be taken up. It is not the duty of the commissioners, however, to go about looking into every rumor that comes along."

Chief Sheppard also prefaced the more formal proceedings with a verbal report to the effect that the new constables, Messrs. Wood and Blackstock, having passed the medical health officer, had gone on duty. The Chief communicated the further gratifying intelligence that Constable Wood found he could wear ex-Sergeant Walker's new shoes, and Constable Blackstock possessed a foot happily of the same size as that of Mr. Abel. Sergeant Redgrave's uniform at the same time would fit Constable Blackstock, and so the matter of uniforming only involved a suit for Constable Wood and a sergeant's uniform for Sergeant Redgrave.

EX-SERGEANT WALKER.

The letter from ex-Sergeant Walker, to which reference was made in the Colonist of yesterday, came first on the order of new business. It was to the effect that, contrary to the statements of the newspapers, he had never been asked for his resignation by the commissioners or the chief of his department; and that the first intimation coming to him officially of any dissatisfaction with his services was in the form of the commission clerk's note transmitting the notice of his dismissal by resolution. Had he been asked for his resignation, as reported in the press, he would have at once asked for a definition of the charges against him and an investigation. On the contrary, he had simply been handed a paper containing the notice of his dismissal by resolution, and therefore would ask in justice to himself that he be furnished with a copy of the charges against him upon which his dismissal was based, so that he might have a fair chance to reply to them and defend his character.

As for one statement in the ex-Sergeant's letter, Commissioner McMicking sought information. Mr. Walker asserted that he had not been informed that his resignation would be acceptable by the board. Was this true? The Chief of Police had certainly been instructed by the commission to take this step.

"I notified him," replied the Chief.

"You did, yourself?" said the Mayor.

"Yes, your worship," replied the Chief. "I told him it was your honorable body that asked for his resignation. I told him if he resigned he'd get a month's salary in lieu of one month's work, and he said he wouldn't resign."

"If it is in the opinion of the commissioners that the services of any officer of the force are no longer required," observed the Mayor, "we have a perfect right to dismiss without preferring any charges against that officer."

Commissioner McMicking thought that it would perhaps meet the present case if ex-Serg[illegible] were notified that no charges had been preferred against him, his communication being received and filed.

The Mayor suggested that the ex-Sergeant be notified that it was not a necessary precedent to dismissal that charges should be preferred—the commission had power to dismiss at its pleasure.

"He knows that," said Commissioner McMicking.

"How would it be to put it that in dismissing him from the force, the commissioners merely exercised their right to dismiss?" asked the Mayor.

"I presume he knows that, too," said Commissioner McMicking.

"Well, then, how shall we reply?" said the Mayor. "That we are not bound to have charges before us to order a dismissal?"

"Put it that we decline to give any reasons," said Commissioner Braydon.

Here City Solicitor Bradburn interposed a word of friendly caution. It would not do, he said, to reply to ex-Sergeant Walker that no charges had been preferred, when it was admitted that matters in connection with his conduct had come to the notice of the commissioners and led to his dismissal.

"I never wish to say anything that will injure a man," observed the Mayor, "and that's why I wish to take this course. If I should say what I know as to ex-Sergeant Walker it might so do. It's better simply to say that we decline to give reasons."

Finally Commissioner McMicking suggested that the letter of ex-Sergeant Walker should be received and filed, and that he be informed that no charges had been formulated against him.

The Mayor and Commissioner Brydon objected that this would not be strictly correct, and insisted that the better plan would be to reply that the commissioners declined to give any reasons for dispensing with his services.

In this form the resolution was adopted without further debate.

Next came the monthly report of the Chief of Police, to the following effect:

Victoria, November 1, 1899.

Gentlemen: I beg most respectfully to submit my report for the past month for the consideration of your honorable body.

Constable Abbott was laid up for fourteen days, suffering from bronchitis. He is now convalescent.

The men's uniforms are getting very shabby, and I propose issuing new ones this week.

My detectives will put in a full report of what they have done during the past few months, which I think will prove highly satisfactory to you.

I should like you to appoint two more detectives, so that two could be on duty in the day time and two at night. Indeed, it is essential, in my opinion, that they should be appointed, for the proper detection and prevention of crime.

I have notified Constable Clayards to report in writing to your honorable body the reason why he went against his superior officer in the late Police court trial of Julie Lacoste. I might state that during the twenty-five years that I have been connected with the police department of the city of Victoria I have never seen an officer act against another.

I think from the way he gave his evidence and otherwise that his conduct must have been actuated by malice or some other cause inconsistent with his duty as an officer.

I enclose a number of cases brought before the Police court.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant,

HENRY W. SHEPPARD,

Chief of City Police.

THE DETECTIVES' DUTIES.

With reference to the request contained in his report, for two additional detectives, the Mayor enquired of Chief Sheppard:

"Do the detectives do the same work as the other regular constables?"

"I should say not," replied the Chief. "A detective has carte blanche. He can go everywhere. How could he be expected to maintain a beat, when he's liable to have to go at any time to any part of the city, detecting or preventing a crime?"

"That's not what I mean," pursued the Mayor. "When a detective comes across an offender or witnesses any violation of the law, does he arrest the offender just as a constable would? Of course I don't imagine a detective has his beat like a patrolman."

"Oh, certainly," replied the Chief. "The detectives arrest any offenders whom they come across, even drunks."

The Chief continued to explain that the chief difference between a detective and a constable is in the fact that the former goes anywhere—that he has carte blanche. Besides, in the apprehension of criminals and working up his cases he very often spent his own money. He himself when he had been in the detective profession had spent hundreds upon hundreds of dollars in working up cases and bringing criminals to justice—money which should not have come out of his own pocket, but which had to, because there was no other place to draw it from.

"There should be a secret service fund here, the same as in any other city," he continued. "The detectives should not be expected to spend this money themselves, as they have to. I had to do it. It's necessary and legitimate expense, and while I paid it out of my own pocket, no man should have to. This secret service fund is something that should be taken up."

But here the Mayor interrupted. The commmissioners were not at present considering the question of a secret service fund. He would like to know, from the Chief, whether two additional detectives would be more in the direction of increasing the efficiency of his department—or two more constables?

"Yes," said the Chief. "They would."

He proceeded to explain that the care of the harbor had now been thrown upon the city police, although it had never been before, and although Victoria—unlike any other similarly situated city in America, had no harbor police, and no facilities for performing such duty as devolved upon them.

Continuing on the subject of detectives and their value in departmental work, the Chief emphasized the necessity of two additional members of the force in this department in order that there might be two for day and two for night duty. Since the introduction of a detective department Victoria's police had been singularly successful, in the recovery of stolen property for example. While in the city of London, with its supposedly best police system in the world, only 23 per cent of stolen property reported was restored to its owners, here in Victoria the return last year was 80 per cent. He thought this spoke well for the work of the detectives, and showed that they had not been a mistake.

PROTEST BY DETECTIVES.

The report was read, and tabled, and the supplementary report from the city detectives was next considered. This document read:

Victoria, B. C., October 30, 1899.

Gentlemen: We, the undersigned, most respectfully beg to submit the following report for your consideration.

We would respectfully call the attention of your honorable body to the report of the proceedings at the meeting of the Police Commissioners as reported in the Daily Colonist, Sunday, October 29, 1899, and would say with regard to that part referring to gambling that until the 28th of September ult., there was no illegal gambling outside of the several clubs, but since then our time having been entirely taken up with other affairs of a more serious nature, and being unable to give proper attention to this work, we are not in a position to say what has been done in that time.

In this connection we might mention a game which has been running openly in the "Savoy," which we endeavored to suppress some months ago, and to this end consulted the city solicitor, Mr. Bradburn, who, after giving it careful consideration, gave it as his opinion that the game, as played, was lawful, a fact which was communicated to His Worship the Mayor at that time. Should your honorable body so wish, we will take action against these people again.

Referring to a particular case mentioned by Commissioner Brydon, we would submit that we visited the place alluded to, and found a room which was fitted up for that purpose, but could find no instruments of gaming therein. We might also state that, so far as we know, they were not aware that we were coming.

We again visited the place on the 27th inst., and found the place deserted, also we might say, as to gambling, we have always reported the facts as found.

Referring to His Worship the Mayor's remarks, as to disguises, we would respectfully state that we never adopt them, neither are they used by any detective department in this or any other country, and in cases where it is not advisable in the interest of justice that we should be known, we have substitutes for that work.

We would also point out to your honorable body the urgent need of a contingency or emergency fund whereby officers having to leave the city on short notice can have their expenses advanced, thus doing away with the inconvenience of having to borrow money for this purpose, our salaries not being large enough to permit of these expenditures.

In conclusion, we would also call to the notice of your honorable body the discouraging effects of the remarks expressed at your meeting when taking into consideration that we have always endeavored to do our duty, and the fact that we have recovered during the past three years over $7,000 worth of stolen property, or 80 per cent. of all reported, which we think is not a bad showing for a detective department comprised of only two men, and this besides attending to all communications, private and public inquiries, criminals wanted in other cities, and various other matters, but we can always refer with pride to the high compliments paid us by Mr. Justice Walkem and other judges of the Supreme court for our creditable work.

We have the honor to be, gentlemen,

Your Most Obedient Servants,

THOS. PALMER,

G. M. PERDUE,

City Detectives.

P. S. We would also suggest the appointment of two other detectives to assist us in our work, as our duties at present keep us employed during the best part of the day and night.

T. P. and G. M. P.

Inasmuch as he had been brought into the case, as he thought a little unfairly, the city solicitor claimed the privilege of explaining his position. It was time that he had been asked for an opinion some time ago, but it had been an opinion not demanded of him in his professional relationship to the city, and Detective Perdue had merely put before him a hypothetical case, stating facts and explaining the game of "black jack" for him—he had never understood its character before. From the detective's description and illustration of the game he had stated it as his opinion that there was no evidence to bring it within the Criminal Code. He had not, however, said that it was lawful—what he had said was that it did not appear unlawful as defined by the Code, as there was no evidence of gain to the proprietor of the house in which the game was played. It was on this account that he had advised the detective informally.

Speaking of the report from the detectives, the Mayor observed that they appeared to be somewhat aggrieved at what had been said concerning them and their work at a previous meeting of the commisioners. He felt sure that the remarks of the commissioners had not been made with the idea of finding any fault with the detectives or their work—for his own part he had the fullest confidence in them, as efficient, reliable and trustworthy men. The course of the commissioners had been not in censure or fault-finding, but merely to elicit information as to the working of the department.

"BLACK JACK" DISCUSSED.

Here City Solicitor Bradburn "took a hand" in the debate, to explain the game of "black jack" as it has presented itself to him, during a visit to the Savoy card rooms. As it was a game in which apparently all players had an equal chance, he did not see that it could come within the Code proscriptions.

"But that's not the kind of game at all that they play at the Savoy," said Commissioner McMicking emphatically, "there is played with a 'banker' The 'black jack' that is played working for the house, who takes his commission right along. He doesn't take any part in the game."

"You say that?" asked the Mayor in surprise.

"Why, yes," answered Commissioner McMicking. "What did you suppose they kept the games running for?"

The Mayor replied that he had supposed it was on account of the sale of drinks incidentally.

"Not a bit of it," said Commissioner McMicking. "It's a bank game."

"Can you prove that?" said the Mayor. "Will the parties that tell you this come forward and substantiate it? Will they come forward and back it up?"

"Why do you not prosecute?" enquired Mr. Bradburn.

"It's not my duty to," retorted Commissioner McMicking. "It should be easy enough for a police department to prove it, though; it's a matter that everybody knows about."

Commissioner Brydon agreed with his brother member of the board. It was not the duty of the commissioners to assume the direction of prosecutions, but to see that the police did their duty.

"It's undoubtedly the duty of the police to prosecute," said the Mayor.

Commissioner Braydon proceeded that in his opinion the greater part of this communication from the detectives was altogether uncalled for. The questions asked by the Mayor and others in the commission had been with the intention and object of eliciting information that the commissioners had a perfect right to, and this being the case, this present report was uncalled for—its entire tone was such that the writers appeared to feel themselves offended, and to resent the right of the commissioners to interfere in any way with their work. From its opening paragraph to the end in which reference was made to the opinions of the judges, the report was impertinent to the commissioners.

"Did you ask the detectives to send in such a report to the commission?" the Mayor enquired, turning to the Chief.

"Yes, I asked them to make a report on their work for the past few months—

(Continued on Third Page.)

Vancouver's News Budget.

Chinese Idea of Evading Poll Tax—Mr. Martin Denies Political Rumors.

Anglican Church and Indian Boys...Cruel Test by Hypnotists.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Nov. 10.—Mr. Jos. Martin, ex-attorney-general of British Columbia, denies the statement that he is a candidate for the Dominion house for the constituency of Saskatchewan. Mr. Martin says it is the first that he has heard of it.

The steamship Empress of Japan had two Chinamen on board the last trip who failed to pay their poll tax. They were put on the wharf while the ship was being cleaned, eluded the customs and walked up town. Chinese friends claimed that once landed they could not be expelled and got lawyers to fight the case. Justices Walkem and Irving decided that the Chinamen must go back to China. They were deported on the Empress of Japan to-day free of charge.

As the Empress was leaving the wharf her screw brought to the surface the decomposed body of an unknown man. The remains are beyond the stage where identification is possible.

The Anglican synod's memorial to the government sets forth that while a capitation grant is given to Methodist and Catholic mission schools for Indians regardless of sex, there is no per capita grant allowed Anglicans for the education of Indian boys. The Anglican girls' school at Yale is now in a flourishing condition under government patronage, but a boys' school separately conducted is desired and a grant is asked for such a school, the New England Mission Society of London, Eng., offering $5,000 under certain conditions for the construction of the building.

The Flints continue to give very successful hypnotic entertainments. Last night a huge block of granite was placed on the rigid body of a 140-pound Vancouver boy extended across the back of two chairs, his shoulders and heels only touching the chairs. Mr. Bridges, who understands wielding a mallet, then volunteered to try to break the block of granite with a ten pound hammer. Although the blows were terrific the granite did not break at the third blow, and Mr. Flint thought it best to desist. Mr. Flint says in other places he has always used sand stone and the first or second blow of an eight-pound mallet cracked it. He says he ran up against a stone wall when he tried British Columbia granite.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Bennett will take place on Saturday afternoon, the remains being interred here. Mrs. Beanett was a daughter of the late Major Greet of Guelph and granddaughter of the late Thomas Sandilands, manager of the Gore Bank.

Mr. Sharp, superintendent of the experimental farm at Agassiz, is in the city looking after the final shipment of the British Columbia fruit exhibit to the Paris exposition. Mr. Sharp says that most of the exhibit has now gone forward to Ottawa.

QUEER GODOS FROM BOSTON.

Shovers Under Arrest in Nova Scotia But Their Plans Not Known.

Boston, Nov. 9.—The agent of the secret service in Boston knows nothing about the reported attempts to flood Canada with a large amount of spurious money by Boston counterfeiters. Agent Redfern says he knows something about gang of Boston counterfeiters now at large, but the names of several men who are under arrest in Nova Scotia have never come to his notice before. The only solution to the problem is that it may be a part of a scheme which Agent Redfern exposed several months ago, and in which he succeeded in making convictions in the United States courts.

STAGE ROBBER'S PLAINT.

Due Ceremony Was Not Observed in Landing Him in Canadian Gaol.

Seattle, Nov. 9.—The attention of the state department at Washington has been called to the case of Mark Everett, an American miner confined in the provincial gaol at Kamloops awaiting trial on a charge of stage robbery. It is alleged that American officers overtook the party with the prisoner and attempted to serve a writ of habeas corpus but were driven back by the Canadians at the point of a revolver, and Everett was spirited to the other side during the hours of darkness.

JEFFRIES CHALLENGED.

Gus Ruhlin Will Claim Championship if His Thousand Dollars Is Not Covered.

New York, Nov. 9.—Gus Ruhlin to-day posted $1,000 for a fight with James J. Jeffries. The conditions of the challenge are that the fight must be arranged for within six months. If the money is not covered by that time Ruhlin will claim the championship. Ruhlin says he will fight Jeffries for a side bet of $1,000 to $5,000 and is in favor of the bout taking place at Carson City, so that it will be to a finish.

MAGIC
MAGIC SODA
TRADE MARK
SODA
OR SALERATUS IS THE BEST.
LONDON, ENG. E.W.GILLETT, CHICAGO ILL.
TORONTO, ONT

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Canada Awards Hay Contract to Boston—Organized Labor Opposing Manual Training Gift.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Nov. 10.—A big blunder seems to have been committed by the government in awarding the contract for Canadian hay for the Imperial troops in South Africa. W. C. Bloomingdale of Boston gets the major portion of the contracts and he can ship from Boston if he does not complete his purchases before the close of navigation on the St. Lawrence. The department will not furnish a complete list of contracts nor the prices paid.

Mrs. J. A. Phillips, wife of the well known newspaper man, died to-night, after a brief illness.

The first shipment of exhibits for Paris consists of mineral and timber specimens.

Local masons and bricklayers at the instigation of a professional agitator named Macdonald have passed a resolution protesting against the establishment of any manual training schools, the expenses of which Sir Wm. C. Macdonald has generously undertaken to defray.

GENEVA FLAG IN WARFARE.

Boers Had Ambulance in Their Firing Line and Squeal Because Shell Struck It.

London, Nov. 10.—The war office has issued the following:

"A report having appeared in South African papers that our artillery fired on the Geneva flag, Gen. Buller telegraphs the following account of the incident given to the Standard and Diggers' News by Rev. Mr. Martin, a Dutch clergyman with the Boers:

"Directly after the first cannon shot the English thought our men were at the railway station and fired there. They were not, but one of the shots went through an ambulance. As soon as they found their mistake they ceased firing The ambulance, according to usages, should have been three miles from the field of battle, so the ambulance cannot claim the English broke the usages of civilized warfare, but I do not think the English would have fired on them had they known this. It was unintentional."

ASTOR GIVES HUNDRED POUNDS

London, Nov. 9.—William Waldorf Astor has contributed £100 to the national fund for the widows and orphans of soldiers killed in the war and for the destitute widows and families of those now serving in South Africa.

THE ORIGINAL.

There is only one remedy known that has a combined action on the kidneys and liver and cures the most complicated ailments of these delicate filtering organs, and that is Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, the original kidney pill. The world-famous kidney and liver cure has an enormous sale in all parts of Canada and the United States.

We have secured some very pretty offects in Sateens, Cretons, Velvettas, etc. Weiler Bros. *

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS ONE Cent Per Word Per Insertion. Cash No Advertisement Inserted for Less Than Twenty-Five Cents.

WANTED.

WANTED—Solicitors for "The Story of South Africa, and the War of the Transvaal." A new, timely and intensely interesting book by the powerful historians, John Clark Ridpath and Edward S. Ellis. The complete official history of this wonderful country from its discovery to the present time, together with a full story of the war now in progress. A massive volume. Over 600 pages. Profusely illustrated. Only $2.50. Advance orders and applications for agency show tremendous demand. A fortune for agents who secure territory and begin work quickly. Outfits free. Send 20 cents to pay postage. Big sale and income guaranteed. Freight and duty paid. Books on credit. Address C. W. Stanton Co., Monon Block, Chicago. n11

WANTED—Any kind of work, by the hour, as sweeping office, making bed, etc. Japanese Methodist Mission, 27 Broughton street. n10

AGENTS—"Light of Life." Latest book out. Bonanza for canvassers. Large book. Low price. Big profit. Freight paid. Credit given. Outfit free. Bradley-Garretson Co., Limited, Brantford. n10

WANTED—Household furniture, works of art, articles of vertu; will purchase for cash, or advance cash until sold. Cuthbert, 37 Langley st. Telephone 683. n9

WANTED—Messenger boys; must have good references. C. P. R. Telegraph. n9

WANTED—Furnished house or cottage, centrally located. Apply Geo. R. Jackson, 57 Government street. n8

WANTED—A girl for general housework; family of three. 12 Rock Bay ave. n5

WANTED—By family just arrived, quantity of household effects. Address Mrs. Williams, Colonist. n5

WANTED—Furniture and contents of about eight-roomed house, cheap for spot cash; would be willing to rent house if good locality. Address Atlin, Colonist. n5

WANTED—A horse, about 16 hands, 6 years old, and up to weight; must be a good jumper, quiet in harness, and sound. Also, a buggy, in good order. Apply Major Moir, The Barracks. n2

HAVE YOUR BOOTS AND SHOES repaired by C. Nangle, the prize boot and shoemaker; he don't charge credit prices. Repairing Depot, 56 Fort street.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—Between Postoffice and Yates street, a letter case containing some letters, dollar bills and car tickets. Any one returning same to Lieut. Deacon, H. M. S. Warspite, will be rewarded. n11

LOST—Large, light brown boar hound, answers to name of "Ronald." Return to Victoria Transfer Co., and receive reward. n10

LOST—On Monday, November 6, about 11 a. m., one $20 and one $10 bill. Reward at Geo. Marsden's, corner Yates and Government streets. n7

MISCELLANEOUS.

POPULAR CONCERT—To-night, Temperence hall, 8:15 o'clock. Best artists in city. Songs, duets, instrumental selections, reading, recitations. Admission 10 cents. n11

THREE STAR SALOON, 4 Fort street. W. Ferneyhough, late of the Victoria Gardens, has taken the above saloon, and will be pleased to renew acquaintances. The best of everything supplied. n9

THE CLASSES in Battenberg, honiton and point lace will be resumed Sept. 1st. Apply 122 Chatham street.

SEALSKIN JACKETS—Re-dyed in the best style, as in London, England. R. Pumfrey, 123 Fort street. o24

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

KINGSTON ST. Two-storey dwelling and lot 60x120, James Bay, for $1900. $300 cash, balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. n11

CHATHAM ST. Cottage and double front lot, $1000. $100 cash and balance on time. This is cheaper than paying rent. Apply 40 Government St. n11

PARRY ST. James Bay. Four two-story dwellings, always let, producing $25 per month. Open to offer. Apply 40 Government St. n11

DALLAS ROAD AND MONTREAL ST. Bungalow and small two-storey house in rear, $2500. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

FORT ST. Two-story dwelling, lot 60x120, well situated, $2500. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

COOK ST. AND KINGS ROAD. Lots $250 to $400, small monthly payments, no interest. Fine chance to procure a home. Apply 40 Government St. n11

M'CLURE STREET. 5-roomed cottage and lot 72x120 for $1600. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

COLLINSON ST. Running through to Beechy st., ½ lot. 5-roomed cottage $900. $200 cash, balance on time. Apply 40 Government St. n11

RITHET ST. Lot 45x130 and 5-roomed bungalow for $1400. $200 cash and balance on time. Apply 40 Government St. n11

FOURTH ST. 2½ acres. Has been under cultivation. Price $2000. $250 down, balance on time, with interest at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. n11

WILKINSON RD. 12 acres, dwelling, barns, etc., all under cultivation, $3000. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

RICHMOND AND COWAN AVE. One acre under cultivation; fruit, etc. Two-story modern dwelling, $2500. $250 cash and $250 per annum, with interest at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. n11

KANE STREET. House and lot, $1050. Apply 40 Government St. n11

KANE STREET. Lot and three houses, all rented, $3600. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

BROAD AND PANDORA STS. Lot 60x120 open to offer on easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

NIAGARA ST. 1½-acre lot and two-story dwelling, $1500. Exceptionally easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

CADBORO BAY ROAD. 3½ acres, near Exhibition Buildings, $1050. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

ST. LOUIS ST. House and lot open to offer. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

RICHARDSON ST. Full lot and seven-roomed cottage, $2000. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

BATTERY ST. Lot and two-storey dwelling, $1600. $600 cash and balance on time at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. n11

HARRISON ST. Lot and nice cottage, $1750. $250 cash and balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. n11

FAIRFIELD ROAD. Two lots and cottage, $1000. $200 cash, and balance on time at 6 per cent. interest. Apply 40 Government St. n11

STRAWBERRY VALE. 42½ acres all fenced, 4 miles from city; principal portion under cultivation. Dwelling, barns, etc. $5000. $500 down, balance on time, interest 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. n11

FORT AND VIEW STS. Four lots, either together or single, open to offer on easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

GOVERNMENT ST. Cor. Pembrook St. Two lots open to offer, sale or lease, on easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

HUMBOLDT STREET. One lot, with water front, open to offer, sale or lease. Apply 40 Government St. n11

THE ARM. 1½ acres cleared, water front, fine site for bungalow; electric light, and water pipes running past premises. Whole amount of purchase money may remain on mortgage at 6 per cent. $3000. Apply 40 Government St. n11

SOMENOS DIST. 160 acres. Two miles from Station, $600. Terms, if necessary. Apply 40 Government St. n11

CEDAR HILL. Tyndall Ave., 50 acres as a whole, or in five-acre blocks, $50 per acre. Well adapted for fruit and chicken ranch. $10 per acre down, and balance in four annual payments, with interest at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St. n11

SAHTLAM DIST. 160 acres, near Duncans, 30 acres cleared. Trunk road and never-failing stream runs through property. $1000. Terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

NORTH SAANICH. 350 acres. 70 acres under cultivation. Good soil, near sea. Strong evidence of coal on this land; $8000. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

ESQUIMALT ROAD. Near Lagoon, one mile from sea. 100 acres for $500. This is extremely cheap. Apply 40 Government St. n11

QUAMICHAN DIST. 220 acres. Three miles from Duncans Station. Good soil. Stream of water on this property. Suitable for milk ranch or fruit farm. Apply 40 Government St. n11

SOOKE. 317 acres; 80 acres under crop, fenced. Fine buildings. $15000. One of the best farms on the Island. Apply 40 Government St. n11

JORDAN MEADOWS. Fine farm, well stocked, for sale or lease. Terms on application at 40 Government St. n11

A WHOLE ISLAND. Off Sidney. 60 acres, two-story building, etc.; coal croppings. $1200. Apply 40 Government St. n11

ROSS BAY. 10 acres cleared, ready for cultivation; sea frontage. Open to offer. Apply 40 Government St. n11

ESQUIMALT ROAD. 2½ acres cleared and fenced, corner. $3500. Subdivided into town lots, this should sell well. Apply 40 Government St. n11

GORGE ROAD. Four acres and two-story dwelling with all modern conveniences. Fine view. Very suitable home. $12500. Terms. Apply 40 Government St. n11

OUTER WHARF. Three lots, with water frontage. Good location for factory or ship yard. $5500. Easy terms Apply 40 Government St. n11

$1000. Cash and Twelve annual payments of $360 each, interest at 6 per cent. per annum, will purchase a full lot on principal street with three-storey building, modern conveniences, well adapted for private lodging house. Apply 40 Government St.

$250. Cash and Five annual installments of $500 (with interest at 6 per cent.) will buy two-storey house, with all modern conveniences, and lot 60x100 near Christ church. Apply 40 Government St.

$500. Cash and Eight annual payments of $500 each (interest at 6 per cent.) will buy 4000 acres of land on Pender Island well suited for a Sheep Ranch. Apply 40 Government St.

$500. Cash and Five annual installments of $500 will buy a two-storey dwelling and three lots on car line, Victoria West. Apply 40 Government St.

JOHNSON STREET, Below Government, three-storey brick with basement, lot 60x120, easy terms. Price $40,000. All let. Apply 40 Government St.

$500. Cash and Nine annual payments of $500 each will buy a fine two-storey house on Montreal Street, with sea frontage. Apply 40 Government St.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

COR. LANGLEY & BROUGHTON STS. Two lots, $10,000. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St.

$250. Cash and Eight annual payments of $250 each (with interest at 6 per cent.) will buy a dwelling and two lots on Bay Street. Apply 40 Government St.

JOHNSON STREET. Above Douglas, lot 60x120, three-storey brick and basement 60x100, well located for Factory of any kind, only $10,000. Exceptionally easy terms. Apply 40 Government St.

OAK BAY AVENUE. Just below Rockland Avenue. Four lots, $1200, your own terms. Apply 40 Government St.

2½ ACRES. Near Jubilee Hospital, all cleared ready for plough, $1500. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St.

COR. MENZIES AND NIAGARA STS. One acre, $3500. Easy terms. Apply 40 Government St.

COR. FORT AND VANCOUVER STS. Cottage and Two lots, $6000, terms. Apply 40 Government St.

CHATHAM ST. Near Cook Street. Lot 60x120. Cottage, 6 rooms, $1100. Exceptionally easy terms. Apply 40 Government St.

COR. YATES AND COOK STS. Two-storey dwelling, $3500. $500 cash and balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government St.

Stores and offices to let in all parts of the city. Farms for sale in all parts of the Province. Call and see our list of properties for sale and to rent. 40 Government Street.

LODGES AND SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND—Alexandra Lodge, A.O.U.W. hall, 2nd and 4th Thursday. J. G. Taylor, secretary.

TO LET OR LEASE.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS—Bath, etc.; private family. Terms moderate. 19 Rae street. n11

TO RENT—On car line, furnished rooms; electric light. Apply before 2 or after 5 p. m., 117 Menzies street. n11

UPPER FLAT of Lewis block, containing seven rooms, suitable for housekeeping or offices. Apply to Lewis Lewis. n9

TO LET—Two or three housekeeping rooms, with use of kitchen; private house; central. E. V., Colonist office.

TO LET—Furnished rooms for couple of gentlemen. Apply 53 Michigan street. n5

TO LET—Furnished cottage, four rooms, $6 per month; two six-roomed houses, $5 per month; one six-roomed cottage on Fernwood road, on two lots, stable, $8 per month. Apply 9 Centre road, Spring Ridge. o8

FOR SALE.

FARMS FOR SALE—864, 509 and 355 acres; hotel, dwelling, orchards, excellent water and timber; line V. & S. Railway, 6 miles from city. Terms easy. Apply H. M. Grahame, 41 Government street. n11

FOR SALE—Splendid family cow, in full milk. Apply to corner house of Topaz and Quadra. n10

DAIRY FARM—244 acres, one-half mile frontage on Fraser river; must sell; bad health. Also six building lots. Wm. Andean, Stanley avenue. n10

FOR SALE—A bargain (or to let), a small house and lot and small stock of groceries; either together or separate. Apply on the premises, Burnside road, near bridge. n9

FOR SALE—A two-and-one-half-storey house, with lot, in Work Estate, for sale or exchange for small ranch near the city. Apply 36 Douglas street. n9

FOR SALE—Houses and vacant lots in all parts of the city; farms and farming lands in all parts of the province. Call and examine our lists before purchasing. A. W. More & Co., 86 Government st. n4

FOR SALE—467 acres on the Sooke road, in Goldstream district. A clear title can be given, free from all incumbrance, for $275 cash. A. W. More & Co., 86 Government St. n4

FOR SALE—The steamer Alarm, 34 tons burden, fine set compound engines; also the schooner R. T. Morse, 30 tons register. For particulars apply Wm. Turpel, Central shipyard. n4

FOR SALE—A fine driving horse, with buggy and harness. Apply "M." this office. o26

FOR SALE—Farms and residential properties in the vicinity of Duncans; also unimproved land, good soil and situation, at $10 per acre. J. H. Whittome, Agent, Duncans, V. I.

FOR SALE—Two or three of the most desirable building lots in city, with a front age of 112 feet on the Dallas Road. Address A. O. West, Adelphi Building.

500 Shares For Sale.
In the
British Pacific Mining Property
AT SIX CENTS.
This company is now selling at 10 cents. Apply Stock Exchange, Old Postoffice Building.

THE REALTY SYNDICATE
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL,
Authorized Capital $5,000,000 00
Assets, March 31, 1899 ..... 3,712,892 69
Capital paid in 1,009,500 00
Receives sums from $100 to $10,000. Interest 6 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually.
SWINERTON & ODDY,
Agents.
100 Government Street,
Victoria, B. C.

B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd.
Cor. Broad and Pandora Streets
P. O. Box 286. Victoria, B.C.
Manufacturers of vitrified, salt-glazed sewer pipe and sanitary fittings, flower pots, agricultural drain tile, fire proofing, tile, fire bricks, re-pressed bricks, etc., etc.
N. B.—Reduced prices on flower pots.

Nelson Island "GRANITE." The Finest on the coas
For Price Apply to
Thos. Bradbury, Victoria & Vancou'r

Fraternal Order of Eagles

FUNERAL NOTICE.

All members of Victoria Aerie No. 12 are requested to meet in A. O. U. W. hall on Sunday at 2 p. m., sharp, to attend the funeral of our late brother, J. K. Campbell. Sojourning brothers cordially invited.

J. M. HUGHES, President.

FRANK LE ROY, Secretary.

X Rays on The Police

(Continued from Second Page.)

and particularly on the game at the Savoy," said Chief Sheppard. "You asked for it."

"The detectives were quite right then to report," said the Mayor.

"They were quite right to make a report," said Commissioner McMicking, "but not this report."

He, too, held that the tone of the report was not what it should be, while he observed that if the police force generally, or the detective department, was lacking perhaps in what it should be, it might possibly be that the men were not altogether to blame. It might be that the commission was to blame in a degree for not giving the department sufficient direct oversight, for without close attention from headquarters any department was liable to drift into ruts and by-ways, and become not all that it should be in the interests of the community. This applied to any department, not the police alone. All that was necessary to destroy the usefulness of any department was to allow it to run itself; deprive it of strict oversight and it was liable to drift from what it should be. Enquiries such as had been made by the commissioners as to police affairs were intended to help the department to attain a perfection which it would not otherwise secure. As for the success of the city detectives in the recovery of stolen property, he would personally have preferred the evidence of a concrete case in which they had discovered crime, such as the prevalence of gaming, and brought the offenders to punishment.

As to gaming, the Mayor pointed out there had long been instructions on the police books, based on a resolution of the commissioners that gambling was to be strictly suppressed—that is all illegal playing, for the police could not prevent games within the scope of the law.

POLICE DUTY STATED.

Commissioner McMicking pointed out that such a resolution could have no more force than the law itself, which was plain. What was needed in Victoria was not so much resolutions or notices in the books, as enforcement of the common law. And if the law was not being observed, of which there could be no doubt, it was the duty of the police force—not the commissioners— to "nose it out" and bring the offenders to justice. He for one was quite satisfied—and he knew what he was talking about—that day after day, and night after night, here in Victoria the law was being boldly broken, not in white gambling dens alone, but among the Chinese gambling and lottery houses. This was certainly a notorious fact, and he did not know what restraining influence was upon the police—

Chief Sheppard had risen while the commissioner was speaking, and here interrupted.

"Do you mean to tell me," he said, "that these games were not running long before you came to this town? Do you mean—"

But here the chairman interposed.

"You must address the chair when you are speaking," he said to the Chief, and that officer with apologies resumed his seat.

Commissioner McMicking continued that proper surveillance and supervision were stimulating rather than embarrassing to police officers. As for this particular case to which reference had so frequently been made, he would like to see action taken. The police should not have waited for the commissioners to point their duty out to them in regard to it.

"All right," said the Chief. "If you say so we can go ahead and summon them again. And if we lose we lose; or if we win we win. That's all about that."

"Do you wish the police to take action again?" asked the Mayor.

"The commissioners are not expected to constitute themselves a detective force," replied Commissioner Brydon. "The members of the force should know their business, and go about it without special instructions to do so."

The Mayor also agreed that it was not the business of the commissioners to direct the police or to instruct the detectives as to any particular prosecution.

"And as for this present report from the detectives," added Commissioner Brydon, "I do not see that there was any occasion to drag Mr. Bradburn into it at all."

"It was very unfair to me," observed that gentleman.

Still another point to which Commissioner Brydon objected was the recommendation from the detectives that their numbers be added to. This was a recommendation which could only come properly from the chief of police, and it was impertinent for any other officers to make it.

The report was filed.

A DISORDERLY SALOON.

Incidentally Chief Sheppard was informed by the Mayor that complaints were still coming in of the disorderly character of the night visitors to a saloon on Government street not far from Yates—noises were so persistent that guests were compelled to leave the neighboring hotel. The matter had been referred to before, and he insisted that it should be disposed of.

Chief Sheppard intimated that the only method to be adopted would be for the council to pass a law closing the saloons at midnight. Otherwise the house would run all night, and the only course would be to proceed against it as a nuisance. He enquired why those who complained to the Mayor had not laid an information.

The Mayor replied that they had declined to do so, or to put their complaint in writing so that it might be properly inquired into.

"That's just it," said the Chief, "they never will—and how are we to get at them?"

"The police must know of these constant disturbances," answered Commissioner McMicking, "and you could report them to the licensing commissioners when they meet."

"I always do when there are any convictions of Sunday selling," said the Chief.

The Mayor corroborated this and added that a report might also be made when any complaint was entered against a saloon. As for the saloon particularly complained of in the present instance, it was one of those which the licensing board had determined should not be granted any further transfer of license, on account of their dilapidated condition.

"Who is the licensee now" asked Commissioner McMicking.

"Lawson I think his name is," said the Chief.

The head of the police department was directed to give his best attention to the complaints, and the matter thereupon dropped, the Mayor requesting the press to take note that complaints in police matters could not in any case be received unless in writing, and the complainants were prepared to support their allegations.

A MATTER OF DISCIPLINE.

Constable W. H. Clayards' statement of defence, asked for by resolution of the commissioners at their last meeting, was next read, as follows:

Victoria, Nov. 1, 1899.

Gentlemen: In response to an order received from H. W. Sheppard, chief of police, I desire to make the following statement in explanation of my attitude towards my superior officer in the case of Sergt. Walker vs. Julia Lacoste, tried in the City Police court. I was placed in the witness box by Sergt. Walker as a witness for the prosecution, I being the constable on No. 3 beat, whereon is situated the premises occupied by the woman Lacoste. In the course of my examination by Mr. Higgins, I was asked certain questions, which I was compelled to answer, and did answer truthfully. That my evidence told heavily against the Sergeant of Police was not my fault, as I only stated facts.

I have been a member of the police force four years and seven months, without a complaint having been preferred against me, and claim to have discharged my duties faithfully.

I sat in the court and heard Sergt. Walker make statements which I knew to be untrue, and when I was placed in the witness box to support those statements I declined to do so. It can be shown by other witnesses besides myself that the woman Lacoste has not resided in Victoria for two years, and has not occupied any other house on Chatham street, as sworn by Sergt. Walker. He was also untruthful when he swore that he had never been inside that particular house, when I knew for a fact that he had been there on several occasions.

I was unfortunate in having been called to No. 11 Chatham street by the woman, who in the midst of hysterical tears and sobs told me of the (as she alleged) attempt by Sergt. Walker to blackmail her, and showed me a red welt across her shoulder and breast, which she said was caused by a blow from Sergt. Walker's cane. In the court I repeated what the woman had told me, in reply to a severe cross-examination by the accused's counsel. I had no ill feeling towards Sergt. Walker, and had he not attempted to induce me to give false testimony and denied being a frequenter of that house (No. 11 Chatham street), which I knew him to be such, I should have not shown any heat in giving my evidence. The inebriety of Sergt. Walker, both on and off duty, is notorious, and within the knowledge of the Chief of Police and other members of the department, as I can prove. When asked why I did not report him to the Chief, I replied that it would do no good.

As a matter of fact, the Chief has long been aware of the Sergeant's shortcomings, and has never suspended him, or, to the best of my knowledge, ever reported him to the police commissioners.

I submit to your honorable body that I acted throughout in accordance with the strict lines of my duty, and within the limits of truth, my only offence being in allowing my temper to get the best of me, or being accused of giving untruthful testimony and spiriting away witnesses for the prosecution and spying on my superior officer.

I throw myself upon the consideration of your honorable body, and respectfully ask for an investigation at your hands.

I beg to enclose parchment certificates from H. M. service, showing that for a period extending over nine years I held the highest recommendations from my superior officers for good conduct and ability.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant,

W. H. CLAYARDS.

Commissioner McMicking could see in Constable Clayards' own admissions that he had at least been guilty of a breach of discipline. He did not imagine that Constable Clayards' character had at any time been in danger, and he regretted to see that if he had any complaints to make or injustice to ventilate, he had taken the course he had in the police court, instead of bringing his grievances to the proper tribunal for redress. It seemed clear to him that Constable Clayards had by his own admissions been guilty of insubordination.

"How?" asked the Mayor. "In what respect has he shown himself guilty of insubordination?"

Commissioner McMicking replied that it was in his attempt to thwart the processes of justice in order to defeat his superior officer—in attempting to run contra to his superior officer in a criminal prosecution before the police court. That was neither the time nor yet the place for the rectifying of disputes between himself and his sergeant. He had access to the proper channels of redress, and though he intimated that he had lost faith in the efficiency of those channels, it was nevertheless his duty to accept them.

The Mayor could not quite agree with this, although he felt that it would have been better had Constable Clayards refused to attend as a witness in the police court rather than take the course he had. But having entered the box he said that he could not on oath consistently support Sergeant Walker's statements, as he knew them to be deliberately untrue. He did not think it could be classed as insubordination when an officer said he was compelled to answer as he had under examination, rather than perjure himself, as the only way not to contradict the statements of his superior officer.

Chief Sheppard here announced that he had also something to say in the matter of Constable Clayards' conduct. He stated that Constable Clayards' explanation was not the truth. That officer had come to the police court purposely and entirely to assist the defence. He had been asked before the trial if he could give evidence to support Sergeant Walker's case, and he had said "Yes." He had no reason to answer Mr. Higgins' questions in cross-examination, and he quite well knew that he did not have to so answer. What he wished was to make his evidence tell against the Sergeant, and this was wrong—he should have taken his troubles with the Sergeant to the police commissioners. As a matter of fact he had not been asked to come to the court at all by the police; and he had afterwards taken it on himself to go to the defendant's house, accompanied by her "friend." As for his evidence, he could see no other course than censure for any man who would go into the witness box, take the oath and try to give a good name to a place that every man on the force could not but know as a notorious house of prostitution.

This, said Commissioner McMicking, was what he had meant. Constable Clayards' character was not assailed, and there was no necessity for him to have given his evidence as he had given it. It took its tone entirely from his dispute with his superior officer; and certainly the ends of justice from the police standpoint did not call for it.

"I should say not," concurred the Chief.

"It begins to look as though we would have to make a thorough investigation of this matter," remarked the Mayor.

Commissioner McMicking did not see it in this light. It might be sufficient to mildly reprimand Constable Clayards, without further investigation.

Reverting to his former ground, the Mayor pointed out that in his opinion Constable Clayards' report showed no evidence of insubordination—although the Chief's statement put a different complexion on the situation.

CONSTABLE vs. CHIEF.

Another point to which His Worship directed attention was the new matter introduced by Constable Clayards—which was in reality a distinct charge against the Chief—for it was to the effect that he was aware of ex-Sergeant Walker's inebriety both on and off duty, and had made no report thereon.

"Is such the fact?" he enquired of Chief Sheppard.

"I never knew anything about it," was the reply. "I never heard of such a thing. Constable Clayards told me that he had been suspended by Sergeant Walker, and I informed him that the Sergeant had no right to go so far. That he might send him home, but he had no right to suspend"—

Here the Mayor interrupted.

"That's not what I am asking about," he said. "Were you aware of the fact, as stated by Constable Clayards, of Sergeant Walker's habitual intemperance?"

"I was not," said the Chief—"certainly not. No one has ever given me a written report against Sergeant Walker.

The commissioners agreeing that it would perhaps be well to hear from Constable Clayards at this juncture, the Chief was asked to summon him.

"I don't see that you want Constable Clayards," he remarked. "All that you require are the depositions in the depositions in the

Commission Clerk Page explained that these had passed from his custody to that of the Supreme court.

"Oh, well, they can be easily got," said the Chief, and the request for Constable Clayards was pressed no further.

"Well, will you reprimand Constable Clayards, or will you go into this thoroughly?" asked the Mayor.

Commissioner Brydon held that the charge in connection with the Chief's knowledge of ex-Sergeant Walker's intemperance was one that could not be set aside. If Constable Clayards sustained his evidence it would put his case upon a very reasonable footing, although of course he could not agree with the constable's statement that the commissioners were unwilling to investigate his grievance. These statements, it seemed to him, however, required thorough investigation, and either disproof or substantiation. It was a serious charge against the Chief to say that he had long been aware of Sergeant Walker's inebriety, and would not report it.

With this the Mayor was quite agreed.

The commissioners after some further desultory conversation appeared undecided whether or not they would dispose of the matter after hearing Constable Clayards and the Chief—or open a more thorough investigation. At this stage of the proceedings City Solicitor Bradburn volunteered his advice.

It would be foolish, he ventured to observe to go into such an inquiry haphazard. If made at all it should be thorough and convincing—all evidence being taken on oath and the inquiry being open to all. In reality, however, the present case amounted to merely this—that Constable Clayards had been asked for an explanation of his very peculiar conduct during the trial of the Lacoste case, and in defending his opposition to a superior officer in this matter, Constable Clayards made another and more serious attack upon another superior officer. Now, did the commissioners propose to take notice of this charge or not? If Constable Clayards had been actuated by malice before, it was quite possible that he might be similarly inspired in the present instance. And as for the malice in the previous case, he was quite prepared to say that he could see how the Chief's conclusions were justified. He had himself seen Constable Clayards instructing and assisting counsel for the defence, and conversing with the defendant; Magistrate Hall could also testify to this—and this was in itself evidence either of malice or some other occult motive. He had certainly thought from the way Constable Clayards gave his evidence that it must be dictated or actuated by malice or at least some motive not consistent with his duty as an officer of the law. It was a question for the commissioners, however, to say whether they would take the disjointed statements contained in Constable Clayards' defence of his own position, embodying a new charge against his highest superior officer—as a charge against that officer worthy of consideration. But if it was decided to investigate, he thought the commissioners would be making a great mistake should they endeavor to dispose of the matter off-hand—in a ten-minute investigation.

The Mayor thought that Constable Clavards' charge against the Chief was explicit and definite and distinct—besides he stated his willingness and readiness to substantiate, and courted inquiry.

Commissioner Brydon thought that under these circumstances the commission must investigate thoroughly—and certainly this could not be done until another evening.

'Is there any night that will prove long enough?" asked Commissioner McMicking.

The Mayor thought it could be done in one night, if an early start were made—say 7:30.

Mr. Bradburn again ventured to say that no investigation could be considered that was not to be thorough, and open. To have any other kind of investigation would be for the commissioners to lay themselves open to all kinds of adverse comment upon their piece-meal work. The investigation, if one were held, to satisfy the public would have to be open to any person who desired to come forward and testify.

Commissioner McMicking though that the contents of Constable Clayards' report might very well be separated. In the first place there was the matter of his own conduct ,already before the commission. Secondly, there was this new charge he made against the Chief. On the first count he should be reprimanded; the second might then be brought up on its merits, independently, afterwards. He was willing to say that he believed Constable Clayards might believe himself aggrieved—but not to that extent that he would be justified in taking the course he had, calculated to frustrate the ends of justice. For the present, in respect to Constable Clayards' conduct, he thought that a mild reprimand would meet the necessity.

With all respect to the Commissioner, Mr. Bradburn still contended that if any point were touched, an inquiry would be demanded by the people into the whole question of police affairs—and he didn't think the people would be satisfied unless they got just such an inquiry—an open, thorough, and searching one.

Commissioner McMicking explained that it was not his suggestion not to give full scope to the investigation—but merely to dispose of the present case now, and take up the other matter later—that was, if the commissioners were agreed with him, that Constable Clayards had been guilty of insubordination.

As it appeared certain that the commission would have to make "another night of it," Commissioner Brydon thought that the whole situation might very well be faced at one time. He therefore proposed that all subjects in debate should be tabled until a next sitting of the board—the commissioners looking into the case in the meanwhile.

The Mayor thought that any investigation held must be early as well as thorough.

"When you speak of taking up the whole case," observed Commissioner McMicking, "what range do you propose its ramifications shall take?"

"My dear sir, that's impossible to say," answered the Mayor.

"Do you mean to go into the Lacoste case further?" asked Commissioner McMicking.

"This report from Constable Clayards, it must be remembered, is not sworn to," observed the Mayor—"it is just possible that he might decline to say on oath what he has stated here."

"And in that case, his charges would fall to the ground very quickly," said Commissioner Brydon.

"I hope you will understand," interposed Mr. Bradburn, "that my only object in offering such advice as I have has been to assist the commissioners. I do not want to see you imperfectly investigate, as I feel sure that would lay the commission open to criticism for hole-in-the-corner methods."

"They'll get enough of that, any way," said the Mayor.

Here the City Solicitor, Commissioner Brydon and the Mayor entered into a whispered conference, the tenor of which was not apparent at the further end of the long table; while Chief Sheppard engaged Commissioner McMicking in a second confidential tete-a-tete.

When these small side-conferences were concluded, it was promptly and unanimously agreed to leave all matters in abeyance for another meeting, although its date was left for subsequent arrangement.

The meeting then came to an end.

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Dated the 31st day of October, 1899.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator. Administering the Estate of Michael Powers, Deceased.

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H. LOGAN, General Agent.

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LEONARD H. SOLLY, Land Commissioner.
Victoria, B. C., June, 1896.

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City of Topeka—Nov. 6, 21, Dec. 6, 21.
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The Colonist.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1899.

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THE WAR.

Ladysmith appears to be safe for the present and to be able to take care of itself until Gen. Buller either comes to the rescue or makes such a movement elsewhere as will counteract the operations of Gen. Joubert's force in Natal. Looking at it from a civilian's point of view, good policy seems to dictate that Gen. Buller shall try conclusions with the Boers in Natal, at least sufficiently to permit Gen. White to retire from Ladysmith in safety. The destruction of the railways in the Orange Free State will render a rapid advance in that direction impossible, and it is always possible that Gen. Joubert may be able to defeat Gen. White's force before Gen. Buller can accomplish much in the way of invasion. If he could do so, and then move his victorious army down to Durban, the Boers would have access to the sea, which is one of the things to be prevented. Moreover, it is highly important that we should not permit the enemy to enter any further upon our territory. As the despatches say, Gen. White cannot hold out indefinitely, which does not mean that he cannot do so for some weeks yet, but only that the end of his supplies, including ammunition, cannot be very far off. It seems highly important, therefore, that he shall be relieved without delay.

We do not attach much importance to the rumor that Gen. White is short of ammunition for the heavy guns brought up from the Powerful. Doubtless he deems it expedient to husband his supply, especially as the Boer fire is doing very little damage. Neither do we place any reliance upon the Amsterdam story of 600 of our troops being either killed or wounded a week ago. If Lord Salisbury knew of such a serious loss he would hardly have refrained from mentioning it, or at least hinting at it, at the Mansion House dinner.

The official confirmation of the reports that the Boers do not respect a flag of truce is unpleasant reading, and there will now be a general disposition to believe the very numerous and serious statements of this nature that have been made.

The arrival of troopships at the Cape, which has now fairly begun, will greatly change the face of things. The despatches say that even with his reinforcements Gen. Buller will find it difficult to drive the Boers out of Natal without great loss of life. As Napoleon once said, "One cannot make omelets without breaking eggs," but we fancy that Gen. Buller will be strategist enough to discover a way of turning Joubert's position. Moreover, when he once regains control of the railway for the whole distance to Ladysmith, which can now only be a matter of a short time, he will be able to send forward plenty of long-range guns, and with these he can render the defence works thrown up by the Boers during the last month untenable It is only the comparative weakness of our artillery on the spot that has prevented Gen. White from driving the enemy away.

SALISBURY'S SPEECH.

Lord Salisbury's Mansion House speech was a notable deliverance. The remarkable feature about it was the frankness and its resoluteness. No one can give the slightest excuse for misunderstanding the attitude of the British government in regard to South Africa. Lord Salisbury appreciates the gravity of the task in hand and the great responsibility which Great Britain has been forced to assume, but there is not a hint of wavering. The unpleasant duty is to be discharged. There is to be no shirking. When Great Britain has settled with the South African republics there will be no question open to cause trouble in the future.

The references of the Premier to the reports of foreign interference is the sort of thing that people like to read. The whole world is informed that Great Britain will not tolerate any interference; but the additional statement is made that no nation contemplates such a thing. This talk of foreign interference emanated from people whose ideas of the manner in which international disputes are conducted are extremely hazy. For the most part they originated in the United States whence they were cabled to Europe. The average United States newspaper man has very little conception of how nations conduct their affairs. He has in his mind the senate of his own country, which with a view to influence votes at an approaching election undertakes to censure first one government and then another. He does not stop to think that if foreign nations interfered in such matters as those engaging attention in South Africa, the world would be in constant turmoil. Well-informed people never saw any reason to expect intervention, and doubtless Lord Salisbury in referring to the matter meant his observations as much for the ears of Presidents Kruger and Steyn as for any one else.

The statement as to the future of South Africa is as explicit as any one has a right to expect. It is never wise to jump before you have reached the stile, and though the stile is in sight there is some distance and considerable rough country to be covered before we get there. In the meanwhile we know the general lines on which it is proposed ultimately to deal with the South African question, and it is clear that the two republics will not be allowed to have an independent existence, but that British paramountcy will take a form that will leave no question as to its scope.

The references to Germany are calculated to create a profound impression in Europe, for they show the existence of an Anglo-Germanic rapprochement, which means much for the preservation of peace. Especially is this true, in view of the attitude taken by Great Britain and the United States towards each other. Lord Salisbury felt able to speak in terms of congratulation of the relations between our Empire and the great Republic.

Lord Wolseley's remarks in regard to the preparedness of the army are highly satisfactory. Only a month had elapsed Since Kruger sent out his ultimatum and yet the commander-in-chief was able to say that an army of 53,000 men had been mobilized and that 44,000 of them were even then on their way to the seat of war. In point af fact at the time Lord Wolseley was speaking the first troopships had already arrived at the Cape. He made the further statement that orders had gone out for the mobilization of another army division, and if a third is needed it can be promptly supplied. The value of this information is very great. It means that without any extraordinary effort and simply by trusting to the volunteer system, we can put in the field ready to go to any quarter of the globe, a complete modern army of 150,000 men, and this without calling on India and the colonies for assistance. Not only could we do this, but our navy could sweep the seas and destroy the seaports of any hostile power. This statement give great emphasis to Lord Salisbury's remark about foreign interference not being tolerated.

THE MANSION HOUSE FUND.

The volunteer commitee was able yesterday to cable to London the sum of £100 as a first contribution from the citizens of Victoria to the Mansion House fund for the widows and orphans of soldiers, who fall in the war now in progress in South Africa, and for such other purposes as are embraced in the trust upon which the fund is being contributed. We think that the people of Victoria will greatly appreciate the fact that this city has been the first in the colonies to send forward a contribution to this fund. We also think that there will be very general satisfaction felt at the proposal to have a second entertainment of a character similar to that of Thursday night. The great advantage of this means of raising contributions is that it enables every one to do a little, thereby making the fund a popular one in the strictest sense of the word. Several persons threw $5.00 bills into the sheet in the drill hall. Their names are not known and the donors did not want them to be known. The committee have opened an account in the Bank of British Columbia into which funds can be paid by any one who so desires. The committee took this action because something of the kind seemed necessary and contributions have already been received.

The Mayor has given notice that he will open funds in the several city banks for the same object. His Worship was invited by the Colonist to take the lead in the movement which led to Thursday night's concert and also by Mr. Ridgeway Wilson; but he said he had not time to attend to it. It is satisfactory that His Worship has since been able to find time to assist in giving effect to a movement which the assemblage in the drill hall showed to be an exceedingly popular one.

VICTORIA WEST.

In his speech at the meeting held in Victoria West on Thursday evening, the Rev. D. MacRae said that the newspapers were the quarter to which the people of that portion of the city must look for justice, and although he did not say so in as many words, he clearly implied that in his opinion the press had not done its full duty in this particular. We think we shall have to plead guilty but this has not been because of any lack of appreciation of the right of the people across the Arm to fair play, but solely because other matters have been engrossing all the attention which the Colonist has been able to give to city matters. We shall endeavor to make amends.

One of the matters spoken of at the meeting was the desirability of providing some suitable recreation ground in that part of the city. We do not wish to commit the Colonist to any definite plan of doing this; but we have no hesitation whatever in saying that the idea ought to receive the best consideration that can be given it. Possibly such a recreation place as would suit the residents of the western section would be sufficiently convenient for those of the northern section of the city, and it might be possible so to arrange it that a water frontage on the Arm could be obtained, which would make the pleasure ground of value to the whole city. This matter will be the better for a little examination. In this connection mention may be made of the fact that if the city is to grow, the need for pleasure grounds will become much greater than it now is, and there will be no time when the land required for such purposes can be obtained any more cheaply than now.

The residents of Victoria West deserve congratulations on the excellent spirit displayed in Thursday night's meeting, and we think we can promise them that hereafter they will have no cause to complain that their legitimate demands do not receive attention from the newspapers.

INVESTIGATION MUST BE THOROUGH.

The proceedings of the meeting of the police commissioners last evening more than justify the position taken by the Colonist with respect to the necessity for a thorough overhauling of this department. Charges and counter-charges have been made within the force, a fact which is prima facie evidence that something must be amiss. The public will expect that this investigation by the commissioners shall be thorough and far-reaching, and it will be in the interest of all the officers as well as of the future efficiency of the department that this inquiry should be conducted in the most open and public manner—anything less than this will not satisfy at all. Anything resembling an attempt to keep back aught, or to shield any possible delinquent will meet with the strongest public disapproval.

Buller may be a first-class general, but he is a little the worst newspaper correspondent on record. He must have worked on a country weekly.

Replying to several inquiries we may say that the capital of Natal is Pietermaritzburg, and that any maps which show the contrary are to that extent erroneous.

It is refreshing to learn from a New York despatch that a "hurried strengthening of the fortifications at Esquimalt is now in progress, for fear that Russia may seize the opportunity, while Great Britain is occupied in South Africa, to come over and play high jinks with us. This is indeed news.

Our Ottawa government is increasing its expenditure liberally, but it is not able to keep up with the income, for we see that though $658,213 more was expended during the past four months than in the corresponding four months of last year, the revenue increased $1,202,000 in the same time.

We do not want to be hypercritical, but it appears to us that the go-as-you-please fashion in which our neighbors are carrying out the Filipino campaign is just a trifle too deliberate. One of these days the people of the United States will wake up, and those who are responsible for the highly unsatisfactory work of the last eighteen months will be buried under a regular avalanche of brand-new oblivion.

The New York Herald's Washington correspondent speaks of Russia as the traditional friend of the United States. The friendship is a traditional one and nothing more. It so happened that the war of secession began while Russia was yet smarting under the losses suffered at the hands of Great Britain and France in the Crimea, and an opportunity having arisen, owing to the scheming of Napoleon III, for the Czar to take an attitude friendly to the United States he did so. The incident passed in a very short time and really amounted to very little, but fanciful United States newspaper writers and popular orators are given to magnifying it into something extraordinary.

NEWS FROM CANADIAN CONTINGENT.

The Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, has the grand distinction of having with the contingent a special war correspondent thoroughly accredited, who accompanies the Canadian troops by permission of the minister of militia, Dr. Borden, and who goes with instructions cabled from the war office by the secretary of war. The Family Herald had the choice of empowering a man in the ranks to send it an occasional letter and dubbing him its war correspondent or engaging a special expert equipped with photographic apparatus and accompanied by a mounted orderly. The difference in cost was a matter of five thousand dollars. As might have been expected the Family Herald chose the expensive plan.

Mill ends at the White House to-day. Get your share.

Some really beautiful Pictures in neat appropriate frames at Weiler Bros. Specialty in this line on main floor.

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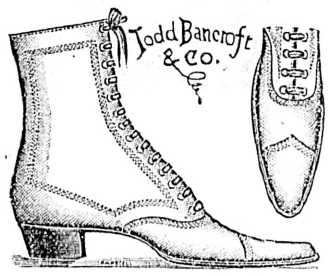


Diary of the War.

TUESDAY, OCT. 10—
Kruger issues his ultimatum
Troops from India arrive at Ladysmith.
Laing's Nek occupied by the Boers.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 11—
Orange Free State troops enter Natal.

THURSDAY, OCT. 12—
War formally declared by the Transvaal.

FRIDAY, OCT. 13—
Gen. Hecoh with Boer force occupies Bothas Pass.
Capt. Nesbitt's armored train captured by the Boers.
Col. Fitz Clarence checks Boer advance near Mafeking.

SATURDAY, OCT. 14—
Mafeking invested by the Boers.
Fighting near Mafeking and Spitzfontein.
Boers occupied Spitzkop, near Newcastle.
Kimberley invested by the Boers.
Boers occupied Newcastle.

SUNDAY, OCT. 15—
Boers repulsed at Spruitfontein.
Vryburg occupied by the Boers.
Boers repulsed near Mafeking.

MONDAY, OCT. 16—
Boers advance on Glencoe.
Boer repulse at Mafeking reported.
Boers invade Rhodesia.

TUESDAY, OCT. 17—
Armored train repulses Boers near Kimberley.
Desultory outpost skirmishes near Glencoe.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 18—
Engagement at Acton Holmes and Leicester, in Natal.

THURSDAY, OCT 19—
Boers blow up bridges at Fourteen Streams and Modder River.
Natal Carbineers and Border Mounted Rifles engage the Boers near Ladysmith.

FRIDAY, OCT. 20—
Battle of Talana Hill (Glencoe)—Boers defeated.

SATURDAY, OCT. 21—
Battle of Elandslaagte—Boers defeated.
Engagement near Mafeking—British successful.
Outposts at Glencoe engaged.
Armored train engages the Boers near Kimberley.

TUESDAY, OCT. 24—
British artillery engages the Boers on Newcastle road
Bombardment of Mafeking began.
Col. Turner defeats the Boers near Kimberley.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 25—
Gen. White disperses the Boers at Rietfontein.
Gen. Symons died from his wound.

THURSDAY, OCT. 26—
Gen. Yule effected a junction with Gen. White.

MONDAY, OCT. 30—
Gen. White has indecisive engagement at Ladysmith.
Surrender of Royal Irish Fusiliers, the Gloucestershire Regiment and a mountain battery to the Boers.

THURSDAY, NOV. 2—
Gen. White defeats Orange Free State forces at Bester's Hill.
A Boer force enters Cape Colony at Bethulie.
Colenso evacuated by the British, who retire to Estcourt.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3—
British defeated the Boers in an engagement near Ladysmith.
Heavy Boer losses reported.

WHERE IT TAKES A MAN.

Any one can be a soldier when there's nothing else to do
But wear a brilliant uniform and line up for review,
Any one can grasp a musket and march proudly down the street
When an admiring crowd are present and the music's loud and sweet;
But when the trumpet sounds for war, and drum and screaming fife
Betoken grim forebodings of the coming deadly strife,
And, amid the cannon's roaring, when you see the foe in sight,
It takes a man to stand in line and face the coming fight.

When the sun is shining brightly on a cloudless summer's day,
And the waves are idly lapping in a calm and peaceful way,
When the breezes softly ripple and the sails are held in check,
Any one can be a sailor and parade the quarterdeck;
But when the storm king mutters and the angry billows roll,
And the sails are madly flapping, striking terror to the soul,
And when the vessel tosses and the seas run mountain high,
It takes a man to guide the ship and winds and waves defy.

You can live a life of pleasure if the birds sing all the day,
And the skies are blue above you, melting all the clouds away;
If no gloomy shadows hover 'round your sunshine to dispel,
And all doubts and fears forever from your mind you will expel.
But when sorrows overtake you, and you bear a heavy load,
And obstructions rise before you as you tread the rocky road,
When dearest friends desert you in your keenest hour of pain,
It takes a man to overcome and struggle on again.

Any one can follow blindly in the surging, sweeping throng,
Pressing on without a leader, rushing aimlessly along;
It is easy to go forward if the rest are going, too;
You can do with zealous ardor what you see the others do.
But to leave the crowd behind you, and to dare to stand alone,
And to face the taunts of others, and the truth and right to own,
Standing firmly, though unaided—save by God Almighty's hand—
Takes a man of righteous honor 'gainst the foe to make a stand.

—E. A. Brininstool, in Buffalo Illustrated Express.

WHEN THE DAY IS DONE.

One of the most important, but one of the most difficult, things for a powerful mind is to be its own master. A pond may lie quiet in a plain; but a lake wants mountains to compass and hold it in.—Addison.

He alone reads history aright, who, observing how powerfully circumstances influence the feelings and opinion of men, how often vices pass into virtues, and paradoxes into axioms, learns to distinguish what is accidental and transitory to human nature from what is essential and immutable.—Macaulay.

Work, every hour, paid or unpaid see only that thou work and thou canst not escape ty reward. Whether thy work be fine or coarse, planting corn or writing epics, so only it be honest work done in thine own approbation, it shall earn a reward to the senses as well as to the thought. The reward of a thing well done is to have done it.—Emerson.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

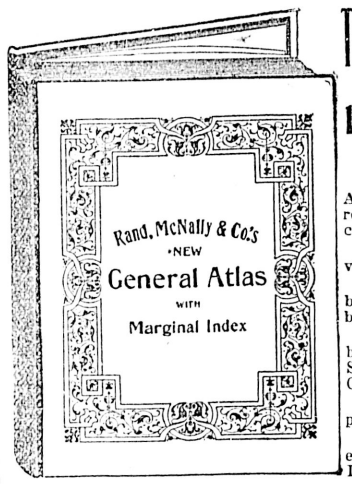
REMOVED.

JOHN BARNSLEY & CO. have removed to their new premises, No. 115 Government street, where will be found the largest stock of Sporting Goods in the Province. Telephone No. 663.

AT LAST!

The Atlas Has Arrived.

KEEP POSTED ON THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.



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VICTORIA TIDES.

[By Mr. Napier Denison.]

The zero of the accompanying scale corresponds to 14 feet of water in the channel off Shoal Point, and 18.6 feet above the sill of the Esquimalt dry dock.

Saturday, Nov. 11.		Sunday, Nov. 12.	
Time.	Height above zero	Time.	Height above zero
3:00 a.m.	3.5 feet.	4:20 a.m.	5 1 feet.
11:30 a.m.	8.3 feet.	12:30 p.m.	8 3 feet.
4:00 p.m.	5.9 feet.	5:00 p.m.	4 7 feet.
9:00 p.m.	7.4 feet.	10:30 p.m	7.7 feet.

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THE LOCAL NEWS.

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If you have beauty,
I will take it—
If you have none
I will make it.
Savannah, Photo.

Best Lawn Mowers at Cheapside. *

Smoke "Nugget Cigar." Meiss & Co.*

Bass' XXXX on draught at the Occidental. *

Drink "Hondi," purest and best of Ceylon teas. *

Air Tight Stoves, perfect beauties, at Clarke & Pearson's. *

Majestic Ranges at Cheapside. *

Hot lunch at the Manhattan from 11 a. m. to midnight. *

The International for good meals, 40 Johnson street. Open all night. *

Mr. and Mrs. Kosche have removed their hair store to 55 Douglas street. *

Golf.—Just arrived, a splendid stock of Golf Goods at Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street. *

You boil potatoes but you brew tea. To do so properly consult the directions on the packets of "HONDI." *

Fountain Pens.—A really good fountain pen for $1.25. Coin refunded if not satisfactory. The Victoria Book and Stationery Co. (late Jamieson's.) *

Mill ends at the White House to-day. Get your share. *

Civil Service Exams.—The Dominion civil service examinations will commence on Tuesday at the city hall.

A New Firm.—Mr. F. A. Gowen has entered into partnership with Mr. S. Sea, jr., the Douglas street clothier. Both are native born Victorians and have a host of friends who will wish them every success.

For the Orphans.—At the Nanaimo opera house on Friday evening a concert was given by Miriam Rebekah Lodge, I. O. O. F., in aid of the British Columbia Protestant Orphans' Home of this city. A despatch says the concert netted over $100 for the home.

Funeral Yesterday—Rev. Dr. Campbell conducted services yesterday afternoon at Hanna's parlors and also at the cemetery in connection with the funeral of the late Carl Bernard. The following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Messrs. W. Reid, Thos. Anderson, W. Sweeney, R. Nelson, H. C. McDermid, G. S. McIntosh. The deceased was employed by Messrs. Findlay, Durham & Brodie.

Salvation Army.—At the Salvation Army barracks, Broad street, this evening Mr. and Mrs. Ensign Hawkes will conduct the meeting. The Ensign is a very talented musician and will be well worth hearing. Mrs. Ensign Hawkes, late Staff Captain Bigney, is one of the most successful officers in the American field. On Monday evening the Army piper will give a sketch of a Salvationist's life on board a man-of-war.

Just Arrived.—A large assortment of Ebony Goods, Hair Brushes, Military Brushes, Cloth Brushes and Dusters. See our window. Fawcett's Prescription Drug Store, 49 Government street. *

Body Found.—The body of James Hill, the sealer who has been missing from the sealing schooner Hatzic since October 15, was found floating in the upper harbor near Spratt's wharf yesterday afternoon, being first noticed by the crew of the tug Hope, which was towing in a boom of logs. They reported the matter to Mate Anderson and Thomas Howard, of the tug Daisy, who recovered the body, which was 'badly decomposed. Dr. H. Robertson held a post-mortem examination, and though he found that there were marks on the head and body, he could not say whether they were inflicted before or after death. Hill left the schooner on October 14, upon her arrival, and was to return the next day. He was seen going towards the wharf on the night of October 14, presumably to return to the schooner, and his friends think it probable that he fell overboard. Hill was a native of Glasgow, aged 35 years, and a boilermaker by trade. He arrived here last spring and joined the Hatzic for his first sealing cruise. An inquest will be held to-day.

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Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

Mill ends at the White House to-day. Get your share. *

Weekly Meeting.—The prayer meeting at the Y. W. C. A. rooms to-day will be conducted by Rev. Dr. Campbell. All members and friends of the association are invited to attend.

To Inspect Mines.—Messrs. H. Price and H. H. Swaney, of McKeesport, Pa., who are interested in the company organized to establish iron works at Port Angeles, left last evening for the West Coast to look at the iron mines which the company have bonded from Victorians. They will remain on the Coast for several days.

Want It Quashed—An application was made in Regina v. Arthur before Mr. Justice Martin yesterday to quash a conviction two years old, under the Health Act. A recognizance for security for costs cannot now be found. The application was adjourned until this morning. Mr. R. Cassidy appeared for the defendant.

Struck It In Atlin.—Mr. Haningan, one of those who struck it rich on Pine creek, Atlin, is in the city. He is said to have taken $20,000 out of one claim and sold another for $11,000. Mr. Haningan reports that Mr. Napoleon Sabin of this city has a very rich claim, which he bought for a "song" and out of which he has already taken considerable gold.

Basket ball at drill hall to-night. *

Mansion House Fund.—With a view of adding to the amount raised by the committee of citizens by Thursday evening's concert, Mayor Redfern has decided to have subscription lists placed in the banks, newspaper offices and business houses, so that all who wish may subscribe to the Mansion House Fund for the families of those who fall in South Africa. Any amount from 10 cents up will be accepted. The lists will be distributed to-day.

Weekly Concert.—To-night in Temperance hall the regular Saturday evening concert will take place, commencing at 8:15. These entertainments are of a high order, and anyone will be profited by an hour or two once a week spent in this fashion. The programme for to-night is in the hands of Dr. Lewis Hall, who has quite a reputation for getting up excellent entertainments. Hon. A. E. Smith, the United States consul, will occupy the chair, and Rev. Mr. Speer will deliver the usual short speech of the evening.

Mill ends at the White House to-day. Get your share. *

Long Winter Trip.—Mr. R. M. King of the St. Anthony Exploration Company will start in about ten days on a trip which only the most intrepid would attempt. He proposes to go into the Omineca country by the way of Kitimat Arm, over the trail which was cut during the summer. He will have to break a trail through the snow, but as he is thoroughly at home behind a dog team, having spent five winters in the North, those who have entrusted him with the work he has on hand, have every confidence in his ability to carry it out. He will carry a mail to Hazelton for the Hudson's Bay Company and through to Germansen creek for his own company. Anybody else having mail to go to Omineca or Fort Graham will be accommodated. Mr. King will spend the best part of the winter in the country, moving to Germansen creek the machinery and supplies that the St. Anthony Exploration Company have cached between Hazelton and their mine.

Boys' Brotherhood.—At a meeting held last evening in the rooms of the Universal Brotherhood, preliminary steps were taken to organize a branch of the Boys' Brotherhood, under the auspices of the International Brotherhood League. The hall was very prettily decorated for the occasion with flags of all nations, bunting and flowers. There was a large attendance, and a number of boys were enrolled as members, the boys entering enthusiastically into the movement. An organization meeting will be held next Friday evening. The objects of the club are outlined as follows: "To give larger opportunities to boys and better ideas of true comradeship and higher patriotism, and to surround them with such beneficent and moral influences as will tend to prepare them for the battle of life. They will be taught true nobility of character and the dignity of a pure life. The objects shall further be: (a) Training in debate and parliamentary law; (b) physical development by gymnastic exercises; (c) military drill. The club is strictly unsectarian and non-political."

Mill ends at the White House to-day. Get your share. *

Drill Hall Concert.—Following is the programme of the promenade concert to be given by the Fifth regiment band at the Drill hall this evening. An exhibition game of basket ball between James Bay and No. 1 Company is to be the extra attraction:

1. Overture—"Light Cavalry" .....Suppe
2. Selection from "Amorita" ...Czibulka
3. Waltzes—"Visions of a Beautiful Woman" .....Farbback
4. Medley Selection—"The X Rays" .....Arr. Finn
(Respectfully Dedicated to Mrs. H. D. Helmcken.)
5. Basket Ball—Half time play.
6. Concert Schottische—"Fortuna"...Abt
7. Basket Ball—Half time play.
8. March—"British Grenadiers" .....Arr. Finn
"God Save the Queen."

House Builders and Contractors.—We invite you to visit our grate, mantel and tile department. We carry the largest variety of these goods in the province; no other dealer has duplicates of our patterns. Sole agents for Dawson grates and the great Majestic steel range. We invite visitors to the New Westminster exhibit to examine our display. A special discount allowed to purchasers from a distance. McLennan, McFeely & Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B. C. Branch stores—Dawson, Atlin and Bennett. *

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Mr. Albert H. Halder, F.G.S., Mining Engineer, "REUTER'S SPECIAL COMMISSIONER" for American and Canadian mines, will leave for England shortly, and prior to his leaving is prepared to report upon mining properties, to assist in flotation of properties on the English market, and to give general advice upon financing of mines. For full particulars apply "Rhodesia Lodge," 1500 Robson street; telephone No. 781. Vancouver.

CHAPPED

Hands and face may result from heat, cold, dryness, impure soap, etc.
Our Buttermilk Toilet Lotion soothes while it heals.
It is delightful to use; neither greasy nor sticky, and it softens and whitens the skin. 25 cents per bottle. For sale only at our store.

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CHEMISTS, Etc.
100 Government Street. Near Yates.
EVERYTHING IN DRUGS.

One Hundred Pounds Sterling.

Victoria's First Contribution to the Fund for Widows and Orphans.

Committee Decide to Hold Another Popular Concert... List Opened.

The Mansion House Fund committee made up their accounts yesterday and found their total receipts up to the end of bank hours were $496.60. The total expenses of the entertainment were $12, made up as follows: Colonist P. & P. Co, actual cost of programmes, tickets and advertisement for street cars, $11; expressage on flowers to and from Invertavish Nursery, $1. This left $481.60 at the disposal of the committee, with which through the kindness of Mr. George Gillespie, manager of the Bank of British Columbia, exchange on London for £100 sterling was purchased, as appears from the following letter from Mr. Gillespie to the committee. The letter is dated November 10, and is as follows:

"In respect of $481.60 received from you to-day we have cabled our London office to pay, as its equivalent, the sum of £100 stg. to the treasurer of the Mansion House South African Fund for soldiers widows and orphans as a contribution from the citizens of Victoria, B.C."

Through the kindness of Mr. Christie, of the C.P.R. Telegraphs in this city, and Mr. Hosmer, general manager, the instructions from the Victoria office to the London office of the bank were transmitted free of charge.

The committee take this means of thanking Messrs. M. W. Waitt & Co. for the loan of a piano; Mr. Thomas Alexander for conveying the piano to and from the drill hall; Messrs. Whitelaw, Richdale, Spurrier and Cave for their services at the door of the hall and to Sergeant-Major Mulcahey and Messrs. Clark, Winsby and Ireland for their assistance in the work of decoration, all these having been given gratuitously. The committee also wish to thank all those who kindly offered their services in any capacity in which they could be utilized.

The committee will continue its organization, Mr. Ridgeway Wilson acting as chairman and Mr. T. E. Pooley as secretary. They have opened an account at the Bank of B. C. into which any persons desiring to contribute to the fund through them can make payments. In view of the many requests made yesterday it has been decided to give another entertainment along the same lines at an early day. The date will probably be fixed sooner than was anticipated as Mrs. Tomkinson, who contributed so much to Thursday evening's success, expects to leave the city for Southern California early next month. Ample notice will be given.

DEATH OF J. K. CAMPBELL.

Found Dead in His Room at the Dawson Hotel—An Inquest To-day.

Mr. J. K. Campbell, secretary of the British Pacific Gold Property Company, was found dead in his room at the Dawson yesterday morning. The deceased was around as usual on Thursday and as late as 11 that night went to the Central hotel to excuse himself for not attending a whist party. He then seemed in his usual health, which, however, has not been good for some time. Yesterday morning as he did not come down at his regular hour, the bell boy went to call him and found him half kneeling by the bed with his arms crossed on his breast as if to stay a pain. A post mortem examination was held yesterday and this morning a coroner's jury will enqire into the facts. Mr. Campbell was born at Castle Douglas, Scotland, 48 years ago, but when a child his family moved to Workington, Cumberland. He conducted a newspaper for a time at Whitehaven, Eng., and also at Seattle. Ten years ago he came here to assume the management of the British Columbia Pottery Company. Afterwards he took charge of a cannery on the Skeena river. Latterly and until his appointment as secretary of the British Pacific Gold Property Company, he held a position in the education office.

The deceased was a man of fine attainments and the life of any party of which he was a member. He took a great interest in the Young Men's Liberal Club, St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society, Sir William Wallace Society and Eagles, all of which organizations will attend the funeral to-morrow afternoon.

The regular meeting of Sir Wm. Wallace Society was held last night, and after many expressions of sorrow and regret by the members at the sudden and unexpected death of Mr. Campbell, it was resolved that the society send a wreath as a token of esteem, and that the members attend the funeral. The piper of the society, Mr. Robertson, then played a lament, "The Campbells' Dirge," after which the meeting adjourned as a mark of respect to the late member.

Drill hall concert to-night. *

J. B. A. A. Whist.—At the J. B. A. A. whist tournament held last evening Mr. Skene Lowe won first prize, taking 10 out of 11 games. The junior prize went to J. A. Bland after tying with Ed. R. Vigor, both winning with but two games.

Two Claimants.—Before Mr. Justice Drake in the Supreme court yesterday an argument was commenced under the Quieting Titles Act, respecting the Tentonic saloon property on Government street, there being two claimants, Mrs. Baumgart and Ralph Borthwick. Mr. H. D. Helmcken and Mr. Moresby appeared for Mrs. Baumgart and Mr. J. P. Walls for Mr. Borthwick.

PEMBERTON & SON,
Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents
TO LET:
HEAD STREET, Esquimalt Rd. 10 room house with tennis lawn, garden and Stabling.
MOSS STREET, large house and grounds.
45 FORT STREET. VICTORIA, B. C.

WE GIVE 10 TRADING STAMPS ◆◆◆ WE GIVE 10 TRADING STAMPS
DOUBLE STAMP DAYS
—AT—
The Sterling, No. 88 YATES ST,
Friday and Saturday
November 10 and 11,
We will give Twenty Trading Stamps on every dollar purchase in Ladies' and Children's Jackets, Ulsters, Dress Goods and Millinery.
THE STERLING HOUSE
88 YATES STREET.
WE GIVE 10 TRADING STAMPS ◆◆◆ WE GIVE 10 TRADING STAMPS

RECORD SALE.

Crowded Houses Assured the Grau Opera Company for Next Week.

The advance sale of seats for the engagement of the Grau Opera Company commenced yesterday morning, and was the largest in the history of all Grau's engagements in this city; and judging from the sales, the company will receive a warm welcome by their Victoria friends. The repertoire for the week consists of the following: Monday, "Wang"; Tuesday, grand production of "Olivette" up to date, (in this opera Manager Grau will introduce the latest New York crase, the "cake walk dance," by Miss Ward and Martin Cheeseman, also introducing other great novelties); Wednesday night, "Paul Jones"; Thursday night, grand scenic production of Gilbert & Sullivan's "Mikado," to be illuminated by hundreds of colored incandescent lights; Friday night, grand revival of the great "Erminie," as presented at the New York Casino last summer; Saturday, farewell night of the Grau Opera Company, when Gilbert & Sullivan's latest success, the "Gondolier," will be presented.

So great has been the success of the Grau Opera Company in Seattle that they are compelled to play there another night—Sunday, November 12—and in order to do this and arrive in Victoria for Monday, Manager Grau had to charter the Victorian to make a special trip, leaving Seattle Sunday night and arriving here Monday morning at 7 o'clock.

Basket ball drill hall to-night. *

They make one feel as though life was worth living. Take one of Carter's Little Liver Pills after eating; it will relieve dyspepsia, aid digestion, and give tone and vigor to the system.

Rightness, Fitness, Fashion.

All combined in our new Fall Overcoats. Why do so many men stick to us season in and season out? The question is easy. They get proper fit, proper wearing qualities, and proper price treatment, consequently they are satisfied.

THIS HINT
Men's Overcoats of pure wool beaver, navy blue or brown; single or double breasted; tailored to fit, with the best trimmings and linings; guaranteed fast color, and not to fade inside of three seasons' wear—$12.

W. G. Cameron,
The Acknowledged Cheapest Cash Clothier in Victoria, 55 Johnson St.

A Jelly Roll
On the table looks appetizing, is appetizing, and can be enjoyed by any one. Besides, the good kind are very cheap here.
15 and 25 cents each.
The difference in price is only in the size—quality remains the same in both.
D. R. POTTINGER'S
Ideal Provision Store, 72 Yates Street between Government and Broad St

Christmas is coming
We are receiving daily a new stock of
Musical Instruments,
OF ALL KINDS.
Which we are marking at prices that will make them sell. Remember we give trading stamps.
M. W. WAITT & CO.
60 Government Street.

The Domestic Sewing Machine.
EXAMINE IT AND YOU WILL BUY NO OTHER.
Fletcher Bros. Sole Ag'ts
93 Government Street.

NOLTE
GLASSES ADJUSTED. 37 EYES TESTED FREE.
FORT ST.

THE HUTCHESON CO'Y,
Newest Styles in Fans and Evening Gloves.
If you are going to the Ball, call and see us for novelties.
The Latest Designs in Capes and Wraps.
New Goods Just in Time for the Coming Balls.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES
—IN
MEN'S UNDERWEAR AND SOCKS.
Shetland Wool,.....$1.50 and $2.00 per suit
Lamb's Wool,.....$2.50 and $3.00 per suit
Natural Wool,.....$2.00 and $3.00 per suit
Heavy Black Cashmere Sox,.....25c. per pair
Natural and Heather Wool, ...20c., 25c. and 35c. per pair
W. & J. WILSON 83 Government VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE
To intending purchasers of land suitable
...FOR...
Farms ✤ Chicken Ranches
Nurseries ✤ Market Gardens
Orchards ✤ Milk Ranches
OR Suburban Homes.

The CLOVERDALE FARM ESTATE consists of some 400 acres, lying immediately north of Tolmie Avenue, between Saanich Road and Cook Street. Quadra street, a well-graded street, runs through the property, the city water main following the line of Cook street. Portion of it lying on the city boundary line has been divided into one and five acre blocks, suitable for SUBURBAN HOMES, and offers some splendid lots for building, and at the figures we can sell at it would PAY YOU TO INVESTIGATE and buy an acre or two, instead of one lot in town. The balance has been divided into 8, 10, 12 and 20 acre pieces SUITABLE FOR FARMING, GARDENING, etc. There is a variety of soil to choose from, some of it being as GOOD LAND as you could possibly want. The bulk of the land is only TWO MILES FROM THE CITY HALL. This is a VERY GREAT ADVANTAGE, as you can dispose of your produce to the private consumer and get the highest market prices. THERE IS MONEY IN WORKING a piece of land so situated, as good prices can always be obtained off the consumer for milk, butter, eggs, etc. We are offering the land at EXCEPTIONALLY LOW FIGURES. After a certain proportion is disposed of the PRICES WILL BE RAISED, as the owners cannot afford to sell much at the present figures. The PRESENT PRICES make quite a consideration to purchasers, and if for nothing else you ought to buy it, as it would be a GOOD SAFE INVESTMENT. EASY TERMS will be given to those who wish it, deferred payments at 6 per cent. Further particulars will be willingly given.

APPLY TO.. OR TO..
Swinerton & Oddy, Lee & Fraser,
106 GOVERNMENT STREET TROUNCE AVE.

THOMAS EARLE
WHOLESALE GROCER and IMPORTER.
92, 94 and 97 Wharf Street, VICTORIA, B.C.
Goods suitably packed for transportation by Sleighs or otherwise. Requisite Custom House Papers prepared free of charge.
Klondike and Miners' Outfits.

Patronize Home Industry!
No store, no home, no place of any kind is complete without.....
"SUNSHINE - POLISH"
It cleans a window in a minute, it polishes your silver of all descriptions without much labor, it cleans marble without injury, polishes brass, copper, steel better than the best. Try a cake; ask your dealer for it, and you never will be without it.
SUNSHINE MF'G CO., 156 Yates St.

Stoddart's Jewellery Store.
will shortly be removed to premises adjoining Nicholles & Renouf's Hardware Store.
Eight Day Striking Clocks $3.00
Every Article Reduced to Clearing Sale Prices...

Tramp Steamer Arrives.

N. P. Liner St. Irene Reaches Port With an Immense Cargo.

Empress of Japan Sails Four Days Late--The Willapa's Load.

A tramp steamer with a great carrying freight capacity but little accommodation for passengers—such is the St. Irene which arrived from the Orient last evening, under charter to the Northern Pacific Steamship Company. This is the first trip of the steamer to British Columbia and it is likewise her first trip across the Pacific, for only five years ago she left a Sunderland shipyard and has since been engaged in the Liverpool-Georgia cotton trade, making in the winter season, when trade was slack, a special voyage or two. When chartered for the present voyage she had just arrived at Japan from Philadelphia with a load of coal oil. The vissel's net tonnage is 2,474 and gross tonnage of 3,876, and she brings from Asiatic points, principally for transhipment across the Continent, the tremendous cargo of 6,000 tons of matting, curios, tea, silk, etc. Her passengers were exclusively Japs, of whom she carried 324 all told. Of these 264 landed here, destined for Victoria and Vancouver and 60 are for points in the United States. Being only a ten-knot ship, it took her from the 22nd of last month to make the run from Yokohama, although encountering the ordinary weather en route. Among the chief officers of the ship are Capt. Attree, A. Sword, first officer; J. Jameson, second officer; D. Evans, third officer, and Mr. Clough, purser.

JAPAN OUTWARD BOUND.

C. P. R. Liner Called Off the Outer Wharf With an Immence Load.

Not for two years has the outgoing C. P. R. liner been so crowded with Chinese as was the R.M.S. Empress of Japan, which sailed last evening. The steamer did not come in to the outer wharf but lay off where the Maude tendered on her, taking out from Victoria three first class passengers and 148 Chinese. With these the Empress carried nearly 700 Chinamen and had she accommodation, many others who applied for passage would have gone. Every part of the steamer was as full as the steerage quarters, and the shipload altogether was a record one. The Japan goes out four days late, having been detained by delayed English mail, but her officers are confident they will be on schedule time arriving at Hongkong, making up for half the time lost on the voyage between Victoria and Yokohama. To do this she will need to make the trip in nine days.

ANOTHER COAST SHIPLOAD.

Steamer Willapa Again Crowded With Passengers and Miners' Supplies.

With another big load of passengers, many of whom are miners, the steamer Willapa left at 11 o'clock last night for the West Coast. A partial list of the passengers travelling on her is as follows: F. T. Child, E. Dawdney, F. H. Whitworth, E. G. Tilton, Dr. Service, B. Powell, E. Langworthy, A. C. West, A. S. Going, Capt. C. Hackett, Rev. Mr. Taylor, Mr. Rennell, the Bishop of Columbia, A. E. Waterhouse, H. P. Bell, A. J. McLellan and Mr. Cole.

WATER FRONT BREVITIES.

Notes of Interest Respecting Local Shipping—Vessels to Arrive and Sail.

It was 10 o'clock when the steamer Queen arrived from the Sound last night and it was nearly midnight when she left for California, having been detained by freight on the Sound. Passengers embarking here on the steamer were as follows: E. C. Jones, Mr. Bradley and wife, S. Carsen and wife, J. R. Newlands, C. McDonald, Miss B. Summers, H. N. Rich and J. S. Harvey and wife.

Chilian bark Libertad is now out 78 days from Pisaqua with nitrate for the Victoria Chemical Works. She has been reported off the Straits a number of times but seems to have struck the same kind of weather as is keeping the sealers Penelope and Mermaid from arriving.

Steamer Oscar arrived from Everett yesterday with 300 odd sample sacks of ore for shipment on the Coriolanus to England. Shipments of ore from Everett have also been made on salmon vessels leaving the Fraser for England.

Work on the Victoria Marine Railway is being rapidly pushed. For rates apply at the yard or Telephone No. 257. *

Steamer Tyee has left the Mainland with nearly 2000,000 feet of lumber for the Orient.

Steamer Boscowitz is due from Northern British Columbia ports.

Steamer Queen City is overdue from Skagway.

DO YOU FEAR HEART FAILURE?

WELL, YOU MAY, IF YOUR BLOOD IS THIN AND WATERY—DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD PREVENTS HEART FAILURE.

No death comes so suddenly and unexpectedly as that caused by heart failure, but the trouble had its beginning long before, when the blood first began to get thin and watery, and the nerves starved and exhausted. Gradually the waste has become more rapid than the process of repair, until some over exertion or nervous shock has caused the heart throbs to cease and the wheels of life to stand still.

Headaches, pains in the back and limbs, sleeplessness, irritability, tired and depressed feelings, weakness and irregularity of the feminine organs, palpitation and nervous disorders are among the early symptoms of approaching prostration of heart failure.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food forms new red corpuscles in the blood, revitalizes the nerves, and positively stops the wasting process, which ultimately leads to heart failure, nervous prostration or paralysis. 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

For "Cold in the Head" use Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, 25 cents a box, blower free. For coughs, Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine.

TROOPS ON THE WAY.

Sailing From Queenstown and Arrival at the Cape—Ninety Thousand by Christmas.

London, Nov. 10.—The troopship Bavarian sailed from Queenstown this evening, carrying the Connaught Battalion of Royal Dublin Fusiliers and a contingent of miscellaneous troops, altogether over 2,000 men, and a large quantity of stores. Crowds witnessed and cheered the departure of the vessel.

The Prince of Wales, the Duke of Cambridge and Lord Wolseley reviewed three squadrons of the Household Cavalry at Albany barracks this afternoon, previous to their departure for South Africa. After the parade the Prince congratulated the troops. He said he was proud to be their honorary colonel and was convinced they would give a good account of themselves. His heart would be with them across the sea, and he wished the soldiers a safe return.

Orders for the mobilization of the necessary reserves for the supplementary division announced yesterday by Lord Wolseley were issued this evening. The men will join between November 13 and 20. With this additional division Gen. Buller's forces will aggregate about 90,000 men by Christmas.

Capetown, Nov. 10.—The British transport Moore, having on board divisions of the British army corps, arrived here at 9:30 o'clock this morning.

MISHAPS IN MANITOBA.

Young Farmer Killed by His Own Shotgun—Train Cuts Down an Engineer.

Winnipeg, Nov. 10.—(Special)—John Moody, a young man living three miles north of Carman, shot himself this morning. He was taking a shotgun to shoot some chickens when it caught in something and went off, the charge lodging in his jaw. There is very little chance for his recovery.

Lady Tupper and Mrs. J. Stewart, who were injured in a runaway last week, are now out of danger and steadily improving.

Engineer Davis of the C. P. R. was found dead in the yards at Medicine Hat to-day. He had been cut down by a train.

Lieut.-Governor McInnes of Victoria, B.C., passed through the city to-day on his way home from the East.

VEGETABLES FOR ARMY.

Toronto, Nov. 10.—The Ontario department of agriculture has received a communication from the Imperial authorities, inquiring as to the export of vegetables for the troops in South Africa.

WHAT THEY DREAM OF.

London, Nov. 10.—Another rumor emanating from Amsterdam sources says that "A British regiment was decimated on Friday by Free Staters." It is added that 600 of the British soldiers were killed or wounded, and that 300 horses were captured.

THE SINEWS OF WAR.

London, Nov. 10.—Tenders for £3,000,000 treasury bills, the first instalment of the war fund, opened to-day, the letters of application amounting to £10,722,000. The issue was allotted as follows: £2,000,000 at six months and £1,000,000 at twelve months. The average rates per cent. were £3 6s. 3d. for six months' bills, and £3 5s. 6d. for twelve months' bills.

PERSONAL.

James S. Harvey and bride returned last evening from the Mainland, and left by the Queen for San Francisco.

F. W. Valleau, government agent in Omineca, came down from Vancouver last evening.

Dr. Ernest Hall returned last evening from the East.

J. J. Palmer, of Toronto, who recently visited Australia and floated a company to manufacture Dunlop tires, is at the Driard.

Godfrey's Tour—Lieut. Dan. Godfrey's band closed its American tour at Boston on October 28 and sailed for London. The tour, under the direction of Charles A. Harriss, has been most profitable and Lieut. Godfrey returns to England pleased with his cordial reception in America.

Paderewski May Come.—Paderewski is to make an American tour opening at New York on December 12. He is booked to reach San Francisco on March 26, 1900. He will stay there till April 8; reach Portland on April 11 and his other dates are April 12, Tacoma; 13, Seattle; 14, Victoria or Vancouver; 16, Spokane; 17, Helena; 19, Butte; 21, Salt Lake City; 23, Denver; 24, Colorado Springs; 26, St. Paul; 27, Minneapolis.

That tired, languid feeling and dull headache is very disagreeable. Take two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring, and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.

VANCOUVER MAN'S WOOING.

He Used Printer's Ink and Was Not Dismayed by Lack of Beauty in Respondent.

A Vancouver, B.C., bachelor, aged forty-two, growing tired of single blessedness and evidently too bashful to boldly woo and win a companion for his solitude, adopted the not altogether novel plan of advertising his wants through the medium of a Chicago matrimonial paper. His appeal was answered by a coy young thing of thirty-eight living at Chambersburg, Pa., and the resultant correspondence ended in an engagement. Last week the bridegroom arrived on the scene and sent word to his affianced that he was in town awaiting her permission to call and make himself better acquainted. This so agitated the bride-elect that she fainted, but was speedily restored by the neighbors who are always on hand on such occasions. Special interest attached to the event by reason of sundry bets made in the neighborhood that when the Pacific Coast man saw his bride-to-be, who is not overburdened with the fatal gift of beauty, he would back out and return home alone. Among other defects the young woman was unmistakably and hopelessly bald, and upon this fact many of the bets were confidently based. The bride, however, had confessed by letter that her hair was thin in spots and her gallant lover invested in a handsome wig which he sent her. When he finally appeared upon the scene he was found to be a sturdy, good-looking man possessed of common sense. Believing that beauty is but skin deep anyway, he announced himself as satisfied and started off to get the requisite license, to the consternation of the rural sports who had bet against him. In a few days the population of our neighboring city will be increased by the acquisition of a brand new bride from Pennsylvania.—Seattle P.-I.

Finance and Commerce

New York, Nov. 10.—The early part of the day in the stock market was given over to a continuance of the throwing over of stock holdings which was in evidence yesterday. The liquidation was on a large scale, and embraced all departments of the list. The more highly speculative industrials showed the widest changes, but the selling of the standard railroad stocks was fully equal in amount. Prices closed as follows:

American Tobacco	120
American Sugar	152⅝
Anaconda	45
A. T. & S. F., all paid	21¾
A. S. & W.	47¾
B. & O.	50⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	86⅞
C. P. R.	94
Canada Southern	52¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	27¼
C., B. & Q.	131½
Chicago Gas	111½
C. & N. W.	167
C., R. I. & P.	113¼
C., M. & St. P.	124⅛
Continental Tobacco	41½
Con. Gas, N. Y.	188
C. C. C. & St. L.	58½
D., L. & W.	188½
D. & H.	120
D. & R. G., pfd	74
Duluth, South Shore & A.	63⅝
Federal Steel	56
General Electric	122
J. C.	123
Louisville & Nashville	84⅞
Manhattan	104¾
Missouri Pacific	47¾
Metropolitan Traction	194
National Lead	28¼
Northern Pacific, com (new)	53¾
Northern Pacific, pfd	54⅝
N. Y. C. & H. R.	135⅝
N. Y., L. E. & W.	13
N. Y., O. & W.	25¼
Pressed Steel, com	41⅛
Phila. & R., all paid	20⅝
Pullman	195
Southern Railway, com	13
Southern Pacific	40¼
Tenn. Coal & Iron	116⅝
Texas & Pacific	18⅝
U. S. Leather	25¼
U. S. Rubber, com	46¼
U. P., com	46⅞
Wabash	8
Western Union Tel.	88¼
Commercial Cable, in Montreal	194
C. P. R., in London	97¼

Bar silver 59⅝c; Mexican dollars 47c; silver certificates 59⅝@60⅛c.

Chicago, Nov. 10.—Wheat closed: Dec. 67⅝c; May 71⅝c. Corn—Dec. 31¼c; Jan. 30⅝c; May 32⅝c. Oats—Dec. 22⅝c; May 23⅞c.

Shares and Produce.

(Reported by F. S. Taggart & Co.)

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	71½	71⅝	71¼	71⅝
Dec.	67⅝	67¾	67⅜	67⅝
Corn—				
May	32⅝	32¾	32½	32⅝
Dec.	31¼	31⅜	31⅛	31¼
Pork—				
Jan.	9.70	9.70	9.65	9.67½
Dec.	8.17½	8.27½	8.17½	8.27½

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amn. Sugar	153¼	153¾	151½	152⅝
C., B. & Q.	131½	131⅝	130¾	131⅛
C., M. & St. P.	124½	124½	123⅝	124⅛
Manhattan	106¼	106¼	104¼	104⅞
People's Gas, xd	111½	111¾	110¼	111½
C., R. I. & P.	113¼	113¼	112½	113¼
Amn. Tobacco	120	121	119	120
A.T. & S.F., pfd	65	65	63¾	64¼
U. P., pfd	75⅞	75⅞	75⅝	75⅞
T., C. & I.	117¼	117¼	116	116⅜
A.T. & S.F., com	22	22	21¼	21¾
L. & N.	84¾	85¼	84⅝	84⅞
B. R. T.	86¾	97¼	85⅝	86⅞
U. P., com	47⅛	48¾	47¼	48⅞
A. S. W., com	48	48½	47⅝	47¾

FIREBRANDS REBUKED.

Munich, Nov. 10.—In the chamber of representatives to-day the premier, Baron Von Crailshein, condemned the strong language employed by certain deputies concerning British action in the Transvaal. He declared such attacks on a friendly state were an inadmissable violation of parliamentary usage.

"77"

A PANACEA FOR

COLDS

A panacea, a cure for all Colds is the only word that nearly describes "SEVENTY-SEVEN" for Grip and Colds—you don't have to distinguish between a Cough and Bronchitis—between a Sore Throat and Diphtheria—between Influenza and Catarrh—between Hoarseness and Laryngitis or Clergyman's Sore Throat—between Pleurisy and Pneumonia, because "77" cures all Colds. As soon as you realize that you have taken Cold, and everyone knows that, take "77" at once; it restores the checked circulation (known by a chill or goose flesh); starts the blood coursing through the veins and "breaks up" the Cold.

Manual of all Diseases sent free.

For sale by all druggists, or sent on receipt of price, 25c. and $1.00. Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Co., Cor William and John streets, N.Y.

Fred. S. White,

MINING

BROKER, MANAGER, CONVEYANCER, ABSTRACTOR, ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, AND GENERAL AGENT,

ATLIN, B.C.

Has listed some of the best mining properties on PINE, SPRUCE, WRIGHT and WILLOW CREEKS at "HOMESTAKE" prices.

N. B.—Placer property purchased now will not require to be REPRESENTED OR OTHERWISE LOOKED AFTER UNTIL JULY 1st, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for an act to incorporate a company to construct, operate and maintain a line of railway from Victoria, British Columbia, or some other suitable point at or near the southern end of Vancouver Island to Hardy Bay or some other suitable point at or near the northern end of the said Island, with power to construct branch lines to any points that may be selected on the coasts of the said Island, and as part of the said undertaking to acquire, lease or make traffic arrangements with existing railways on the said Island; and to operate and maintain lines of steamships and car ferries between the said line of railway or any of the branches thereof and any point or points in British Columbia, the State of Washington, United States of America, and the Territory of Alaska, United States of America, to construct and maintain wharves and docks, telegraph and telephone lines, with all powers usually granted to railway companies and such other rights and privileges as may be necessary to carry out the object of the company.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., October 12, 1899.

FRANK HIGGINS,
Solicitor for the Applicants.

Handy List of Victoria Firms

BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO., Victoria, B.C., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes.

BOOK EXCHANGE.

CASHMORE'S, 103 Douglas street; buys and exchanges all kinds of books and novels.

DRAYMAN.

JOSEPH HEANEY, Truck and Drayman—Office 26 Yates street; stables 119 Superior street; Telephone 171.

FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD, 52 Government street.

HARDWARE.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.—Hardware and Agricultural Implements. Cor. Johnson and Government.

HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., Ltd.—Importers of iron, steel, hardware, pipe fittings, cutlery, etc. Mining an milling supplies a specialty.

IRONWORKS.

VICTORIA MACHINERY DEPOT CO., Ltd., (late Spratt & Gray)—Engineers, founders, supplies, etc., 17 and 19 Work street. Telephone 570.

LIVERY AND TRANSFERS.

VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO.—Telephone 13.

MINING BROKERS.

BEN. WILLIAMS & CO., 44 Fort street, mining brokers and operators. Stocks and shares sold on commission. Correspondence solicited.

NOVELTY WORKS.

L. HAFER, general machinist, 159 Government street.

STEAM COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS.

STEMLER & EARLE, Coffee, spices, mustard and baking powders. Pembroke st., near Government.

PLUMBERS.

E. F. GEIGER, sanitary plumbing, gas and hot water fitting. Tel. 226.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES.—R. Maynard, 41 Pandora street.—All kinds of photographic material for amateurs and professionals; Kodaks, Pocoes, Koronas, Primos, etc. Same block Mrs. R. Maynard's Art Studio; also views of British Columbia and Alaska for sale.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Fining store, 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS.

L. Goodacre, Contractor by app't to Royal Navy and Dominion Government. Tel. 32.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET CO. Ltd., Gov't and Yates sts., Butchers and Packers; wholesale and retail dealers in fresh, salted and smoked meats, lard, etc., branch, Vancouver.

STEAM DYE WORKS.

PAISLEY DYE WORKS.—Tel. 410. The old reliable. Established 1885. 114½ Yates street.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.—Tel. 200—Largest estb.; country orders solicited. 141 Yates street.

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 236 Yates street.—Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort streets; Schroeder Bros., corner Michigan and Menzies will be promptly attended to.

PETER HANSEN, city scavenger, teamster and wood dealer. Building sand and gravel for sale. Address, 40 Discovery street. Telephone 184.

Vancouver Business Directory

AUCTIONEERS.

JOHN RANKIN, Hastings street.
AUCTION ROOMS AND STOCK BUYER

BANKS.

BANK OF MONTERAL.
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

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CHANGE OF CORPORATE NAME.

Notice is hereby given that the Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability, intends to apply to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor for permission to change its name to that of the "Wellington Colliery Company, Limited Liability."

Dated Victoria, 18th July, 1899.

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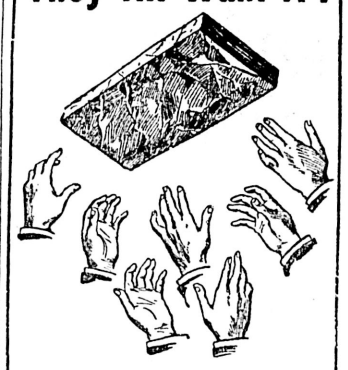

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Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria at its next sitting, to be held on Wednesday, the 13th day of December next, for a transfer to William Charles Ferneyhough of the License now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Three Star Saloon, situate at No. 4 Fort Street, in the City of Victoria.

Dated this 2nd day of November, 1899.

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PROVINCIAL NEWS

GRAND FORKS.

Grand Forks, Nov. 5.—F. M. Chadbourne, ore buyer for the Hall Mines smelter, Nelson, B. C., is in Grand Forks, with the object of making contracts with mine owners. He is greatly impressed with the Boundary country, and will visit the various camps. Mr. Chadbourn hopes to make contracts for a fair share of the ore on the dumps. He stated that the Hall smelter was prepared to quote terms for freight and treatment as reasonable as the other smelters.

Frank R. Mendenhall, of Rossland, agent for the Jenckes Machine Company, Sherbrooke, Que., in three days sold $5,000 worth of mining machinery in Grand Forks. He had proportionate success in other Boundary towns. He sold a 30-h.p. boiler, pump and hoist to E. Spraggett; a four-drill compressor to the Jewel mine, Long Lake camp; a 30-h.p. boiler, hoist and pumping plant to the Kamloops mine, Camp McKinney; and a 30-h.p. boiler, pump and hoist to the Bonanza Company, Knight's camp. The management of the Jewel mine is making experiments with a view to the installation of reduction works, probably of a cyaniding character. "Our shops at Sherbrooke," said Mr. Mendenhall, "are running day and night, but are unable to keep up with orders. We could sell twenty times our present output if we only had the facilities. The works are being enlarged very extensively, as the demand for mining machinery in Canada is only in its infancy."

Clarence J. McCuaig, of Montreal, who floated the companies that acquired the War Eagle, Payne and Republic mines, is here, after visiting Republic and Boundary camps. He naturally feels elated at the magnitude and richness of the ore bodies recently opened up on the lower level of the Republic. "The erection of a plant with a capacity of 200 tons daily will be commenced immediately," he said. "The ores will be roasted and then treated by a modified cyanide process. An eminent cyanide expert has been engaged for a term of two years, and will assume his duties shortly. The transformation, in the meantime, will not affect the payment of dividends, which will be continued as usual. This decision ought to fully illustrate the good position of the property. The ore reserves have more than doubled since last July. The assay values were then estimated by Bernard McDonald, the mining expert, to average $50 per ton. No doubt the values henceforth will be much higher, owing to the greatly improved character of the ore in the lower level."

From another source it is learned that the expert just engaged is D. C. Jackling, who has charge of the reduction works at the De La Mar mines at Mercur, Utah. Mr. Jackling recently visited Republic with the object of reporting on the best method of treating the ores. Mr. McCuaig's party at Republic included Patsey Clark, the former owner of the mine, A. A. Ayer, a leading Montreal shareholder, and J. J. Sandeman, a London, Eng., mining engineer.

Mr. McCuaig visited the B. C. mine in Summit camp with Major Leckie, manager of the Republic and the B. C. The latter was purchased a year ago by Mr. McCuaig, James Ross and other Montrealers, and now has 11,000 tons of copper ore on the dump. Shipments will be made to the smelter in January. The stock will not be offered to the public until the B. C. is a dividend payer.

Major Leckie recently bonded the Yankee Boy and Yankee Girl, a group of properties on Hardy mountain, two miles from Grand Forks. He states that the return from a shipment of two carloads of ore to the Trail smelter was very satisfactory. The development work is being carried out on an extensive scale.

A by-law extending for six months the time limit for the completion of the Grand Forks smelter was adopted Saturday. There was only one dissenting vote.

Neil Cochrane, in charge of the Diamond Hill mines, Hassel, Mont., has been appointed superintendent of the Oro Denero, in Summit camp.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

Children will find much pleasure in a new go-cart which has a pair of oscillating levers pivoted to the sides of the seat, with rods leading to the front wheels for attachment on the spokes, whereby the operation of the levers turns the wheels and propels the cart.

An improved piano stool can be raised or lowered as desired without the necessity of revolving it to turn the screw, the spindle being hollow and containing one end of an L-shaped lever, which has a head to fit in holes inside the vertical base, in which the spindle slides.

By the use of a new key old railroad spikes can be used in old spike holes, the key being formed of a strip of spring steel crimped along a portion of its length, to press alternately on the spike and the side of the hole, thus binding the spike in place.

Small change is easily carried in a new coin holder, which is formed of a piece of metal bent into U shape, with slots cut along the sides to fit the different sizes of coin, a spring wire being placed across the opening to prevent the coins from falling out.—Chicago News.

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BOOK ON BOER ABUSES.

British Side Ably Stated by a South African Author—Case Strong in Equity.

London papers are giving long and laudatory reviews to Mr. J. P. Fitzpatrick's book, "The Transvaal From Within," which is ranked next to the Boer ultimatum as an excuse for British hostilities. Mr. Fitzpatrick's presentation of the anti-Boer side is strong and is buttressed by a host of important and timely details. As he was born in South Africa, lived for fifteen years in the Transvaal, and was secretary to the famous Johannesburg reform committee, he is in a position to know whereof he speaks.

Mr. Fitzpatrick was imprisoned and heavily fined at the time of the Jameson raid, and he makes no attempt to defend that intrigue. He also admits that under the convention of 1884 Great Britain has no sound legal right to intervene in the Transvaal's internal affairs. Having granted these facts he goes on to portray the Boer abuses with similar frankness and apparent fairness. The case he makes against President Kruger and the Boer oligarchy is the strongest ex parte statement yet made on the British side.

Seven of the eleven chapters in Mr. Fitzpatrick's book are given up to the Jameson raid. It is sufficient here to note that he names Alfred Beit and Cecil Rhodes as the capitalistic leaders of the scheme, and that he admits the reform committee's association with these men and their invading force cannot be justified. He does defend the committee from charges of cowardice in refusing to go to the aid of the unscrupulous Jameson. The only new detail he gives is the text of a letter written by Dr. Jameson to Cecil Rhodes on the eve of the battle. The letter was concealed in the bicycle of the despatch-bearer and not brought to light until the machine was repaired by a mechanic months later. He also gives a clear account of the arrest, trial and condemnation of the reform leaders, and the hard bargain they were forced to make in order to regain liberty by the payment of $1,250,000 in cash.

After giving a sympathetic account of the early treks and hardships of the Boers, the author adduces evidence to show that the annexation of the Transvaal in 1877 was in accord with the wish of the majority. Their finances were in a hopeless tangle, and they were in the midst of a Zulu war which they could not manage. Great Britain paid the Transvaal debts and crushed the Zulus at a cost of $30,000,000. Then, says Mr. Fitzpatrick, "the eaten bread was forgotten"; the Boers, having received the benefits of annexation, began the agitation for repeal. Thanks to the liberty-loving Gladstone, they got it, even after Majuba Hill. Then, under the leadership of Paul Kruger, they proceeded to misuse their liberty by instituting a cumulative system of political oppression.

Mr. Fitzpatrick leaves no room to doubt that President Kruger is the head and front of the offending. Kruger is personally the most determined antagonist of political reform. Speaking of the policy pursued against the Uitlanders and of the opinion held with regard to its author in the Transvaal, Mr. Fitzpatrick says:

"There it is fully appreciated that there is but one man in it, and that man President Kruger. Dr. Leyds and others may be and are clever and willing tools. They may lend acidity or offensiveness to a hostile despatch, they may add a twist or two to a tortuous policy, but the policy is President Kruger's own, the methods are his own, all but the minor details."

The index to the Boer attitude toward English-speaking immigrants is found in President Kruger's comment on their manifesto of rights in 1886: "Their rights! Yes, they'll get them over my dead body." The facts summarized in Mr. Fitzpatrick's pages show how, under Kruger's direction, this policy of repression has been carried out. When he came into the presidential office in 1882 any Uitlander could become a burgher after one year's residence. One of the earliest laws passed by the newly constituted volksraad was law 7 of 1882, by which the franchise qualification was raised to five years. Between then and 1894 successive franchise laws increased the restrictions until it was practically impossible for any Uitlander to vote at all. During this period the non-Boer population had become by far the most important part of the republic, yet as its importance grew its voice in the government was silenced.

According to Mr. Fitzpatrick's figures the population of the Transvaal in the last twenty years has grown from 40,000 to 300,000, chiefly by immigration. During that period the annual revenues increased from $465,000 to $20,439,260, chiefly by the taxing of Uitlander industry. The disposal of this revenue taken from the Uitlanders was wholly outside of their control. These were the conditions to which a great community of business men like that at Johannesburg was compelled to submit.

Scandals of the grossest kind, in which large sums of money were left unaccounted for, are aired by Mr. Fitzpatrick. In 1886, the year of the discovery of the Rand gold mines and of the first considerable influx of Uitlanders, the total sum paid for fixed official salaries was $259,155. In the present year it has risen to $6,081,970. That is to say, the salary list is now 24 times as great as it was when the immigration began. These offices are all held by Boers. A small clique now handles a sum sufficient, if equally distributed, to pay $200 per head per annum to the total male Boer population. The Boer policy is described as invariably seeking to get something for nothing.

It is evident from Mr. Fitzpatrick's indictment that independence means to the Boers something totally different from what it means to Americans. If they cannot distinguish between measures of just reform and measures directed against the stability of their republic, it is because, in the author's judgment, they realize that reforms will be the death knell of oligarchy, and that an ignorant and incapable ruling class must go under.

President Kruger is described as having vindicated the course of the reformers by his growing abuses in the three years since the Jameson raid. The raid filled Mr. Kruger's coffers, it gave him European sympathy, and for the time emancipated him from the fear of complications at home. He drew the full advantage from his position as the victim of an outrage. He abused his powers, as he had abused the immunity granted by Gladstone in 1881.

Mr. Fitzpatrick claims Kruger spread and army of spies through South Africa with a view to overthrowing British supremacy throughout that part of the continent. However that may be, he admittedly undermined his position at home. He trafficked in concessions and monopolies, he overtaxed the Uitlanders, and in return gave them nothing but violated promises. The author deals in detail with the franchise, the railway concessions, the dynamite monopoly, the judiciary and a hundred other practical examples of misgovernment in the Transvaal, and shows how irrevocably the obstinate president has set his face against justice and progress. By his course in these three years he has ruined an almost impregnable position, his last act of folly being the Boer ultimatum.

In the light of Mr. Fitzpatrick's revelations the London convention of 1884, as interpreted by Lord Derby, is a charter under which injustice and misgovernment are now licensed. It is patent that when Mr. Gladstone gave the Boers home rule he did not contemplate any such discrimination between races as the corrupt and narrow-minded oligarchy has employed for its selfish ends. Here is where the author of the book makes a strong case. He bases his plea upon the natural equities of the situation. He succeeds fairly well in showing that the record of Boer intolerance, greed and injustice is quite as black as the record of the piratical millionaires' raid in 1896.

Here is Mr. Fitzpatrick's account of the murder of Trooper Black:

"The Boers when under control of their leaders have generally behaved in an admirable manner. It is only when the individuals, unrestrained by those in authority, are left to exercise their power at the dictates of their own uncurbed passions, that the horrible scenes have occurred which have undoubtedly blemished their reputation. In connection with the Jameson raid there was one such incident—the shooting of Trooper Black. The unfortunate man fell into the hands of the Boers while out scouting, and was taken as a prisoner to a farm house near Blaaubank. There he was tied up and beaten, and, it is stated by a woman who gave him water when he was half-mad with thirst, that his face had been smashed by a blow from a rifle butt. When unable to bear the treatment any longer, Black stood up, and, tearing his shirt open, cried out: 'Don't shoot me in the back! Shoot here! My heart's in the right place.' He was then untied and (as alleged by Dutch witnesses) given an opportunity to escape. He mounted his horse, but before he had gone far was shot dead. On the appeal of Sir Jacobus de Wet the government consented to investigate the matter; but the commandant in charge, Piet Grobler, when questioned on the subject, merely replied: 'Oh, he (Black) was a very insolent fellow; we could do nothing with him.' The man who fired the shot despatching Black, a half-caste Boer named Graham, stated on his return from Pretoria that he was asked no questions at the so-called inquiry."

A FUNNY KRUGER STORY.

Victories Counted on Left Hand Until He Came to His Thumb—Which Was Absent.

An amusing Kruger story is going the rounds. The president is minus the thumb of his left hand. In his youth it was badly wounded, and rather than nurse the troublesome member he laid the thumb on a block and chopped it off, a heroic cure! Some time ago, in discussing the present situation and wishing to illustrate how he would do Sir Alfred Milner, as he had his predecessors, he began with the little finger of his left hand: "I was too much for Sir George Gray." Then, annotating with his third finger: "I was too much for Sir Howard Berkeley." Passing to the middle finger: "I was too much for Sir Bartle Frere." Next with the index finger: "I was too much for Sir Hercules Robinson, and I shall be too much for Sir—alle maagte!" he exclaimed, for he had come to the place of the missing thumb. The incident, which is a true one, is said to have impressed and depressed him not a little, as he is very superstitious.

Kruger comes from a sect of the Boers called Doppers. This singular community broke off from the Dutch Reform church when that church, some forty years or more ago, substituted hymn singing for psalm singing. The Doppers, who were almost all Krugers, for the family is an enormous one, adopted a curious dress, the men cutting their hair as if a bowl had been inverted on the head, and wearing broad-brimmed, gray beaver hats, short coats cut like an Eton jacket, and trousers stopping a little above the ankle. The women wear black alpaca dresses and caps or kopjes of the same. They settled down in the district of Middleburg, Cape Colony where they do only what work is necessary to keep them from actual starvation. They have so intermarried that idiocy, insanity, blindness, deafness and all the other afflictions consequent on such a course are frightfully prevalent

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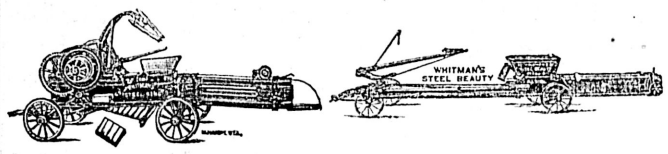

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"Hour Angles Without Logarithms."
It was originally intended for the use of surveyors in Canada, but the results obtained from it are sufficiently accurate to be of great service to navigators in the latitudes mentioned, viz., 40 degrees to 60 degrees north, and 40 degrees to 60 degrees outh.
Should the navigator prefer to determine his hour angle in the usual manner, Mr. Leech's table will prove invaluable as affording a ready check upon his work.
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RICHARD HALL,
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AND A DETAILED
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where the war is on between the United States and Filipinos are also shown, thus giving all necessary information of the location of the war in the Philippines.

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Esquimalt-Nanaimo Railway

TIME TABLE No. 34.

North Bound

	DAILY. A.M.	SATURDAY. P.M.	SUNDAY. P.M.
Leave Victoria	9:00	4:25	2:00
Arrive Goldstream	9:28	4:53	2:28
" Gliesville	10:00	5:34	3:00
" Shawnigan Lake	10:14	5:39	3:14
" Cobble Hill	10:23	5:48	3:22
" Duncans	10:48	6:15	3:47
" Chemainus	11:17	6:44	4:15
" Nanaimo	12:14	7:41	5:15
" Wellington	12:40	7:55	5:30

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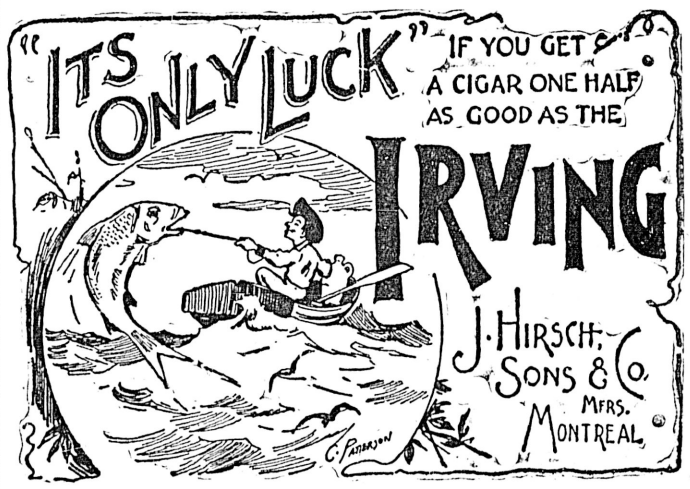

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Sold Throughout the World.
N.B.—ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office,
Victoria, Nov. 10—8 p. m.

SYNOPSIS.

An extensive storm area centred off Vancouver Island is causing continued rain throughout the Pacific Slope, and heavy gales along the Oregon and Washington coasts. Fort Canby reports a maximum wind velocity of 68 miles per hour. This area is likely to move inland and cause heavy rains over the Lower Mainland, and milder weather in the Canadian Territories.

TEMPERATURES.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	49	53
New Westminster	48	54
Kamloops	46	52
Barkerville	36	46
Calgary	28	32
Winnipeg	28	30
Portland, Ore.	52	60
San Francisco, Cal.	58	62

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time) Saturday:

Victoria and vicinity—High southerly winds or gales; occasional rains, followed by gradually clearing weather.

Lower Mainland—High southerly winds over Straits and Sound; continued rainy.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

FRIDAY, Nov. 10.

	Deg.		Deg.
5a.m.	50	Mean	50
Noon	52	Highest	53
5 p.m.	50	Lowest	48

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. ..... 7 miles northeast.
Noon ..... 12 miles northeast.
5 p.m. ..... 10 miles northeast.

Average state of weather—Cloudy, with showers.

Rain—.20 inch.

Sunshine—18 minutes.

Barometer at noon—Observed 29.640
Corrected 29.617

PASSENGERS.

By Steamer Victorian from the Sound:

G. A. Pringle.	P. M. Tubbs.
Mrs. Pringle.	Steve Jones.
Jas. McBrian.	C. W. Cook.
T. E. Hill.	J. H. Whitworth.
F. Lenterischlage.	J. McCormick.
Mrs. Tiedeman.	M. Hannon.
J. D. Harrington.	W. M. Goodchild.
J. N. Anderson.	J. J. Lundall.
Mrs. Anderson.	Mrs. Davis.
M. Johnson.	T. McManus.
Mrs. Johnson.	C. Berry.
L. Tubbs.	Mrs. McGill.
W. C. Waldman.	

By Steamer Walla Walla from 'Frisco:

A. S. Bourne.	Miss H. Gibbs.
E. Chase.	Miss E. Melrose.
Vander Vaart.	Miss C. Cummings.
L. Greenwall.	Miss A. Sullyan.
J. Lepori.	Rev. A. H. Phillips.
Mrs. J. Kropp.	Mrs. A. Platt.
Miss Creighton.	H. Waring.
P. Bayer.	Miss Ray.

By Steamer Islander from Vancouver:

Mrs. Capt. Irving.	D. Boyde.
Mrs. Munro.	Mrs. Boyce.
C. T. Penwell.	R. Hopkins.
H. Logan.	P. Inglesby.
Col. Hayes.	D. Greenwood.
Mrs. C. Stimson.	W. C. Fraser.
W. R. Jackson.	W. Inkster.
W. C. Nichol.	F. W. Valleau.
E. T. Ward.	J. S. Harvey.
J. Ibbotsen.	Mrs. Harvey.
R. Fairchild.	J. Mission.
Mr. Vaughan.	Geo. Moffatt.
Mrs. Vaughan.	Mrs. Wright.
J. J. Jackson.	W. C. Wolfe.
J. J. Palmer.	P. R. Lundie.
Ben. Wehfritz.	C. Stimson.
W. H. Ferguson.	Wm. Bassett.
A. Coutos.	R. Beauchamp.
Miss Ashley.	Dr. E. Hall.
G. W. Bradley.	H. W. Augustine.
Mrs. Bradley.	J. Cook.
G. T. Brown.	L. Casey.
J. D. Slattery.	

CONSIGNEES.

By Steamer Walla Walla from 'Frisco:

A. A. Clayton.	S. A. Stoddart.
A. Benorst.	S. J. Pitts.
Bank of B. C.	J. H. Todd.
C. R. Lawson.	Or. Anglo-C. Bank.
D. H. Ross & Co.	T. Earle.
E. G. Prior.	Vic. Chem. Co.
E. B. Marvin.	Wilson Bros.
F. R. Stewart & Co.	W. Bowness.
Fletcher Bros.	W. E. Nachtrieb.
Fow Yuen.	Wade & McKeon.
F. Carne.	Wing Chang.
Fell & Co.	Vic. Lum. Man. Co.
F. W. Nolte & Co.	J. S. Smith.
G. C. Munro & Co.	G. Cimroni.
Hudson's Bay Co.	A. Henderson.
Jackson & McD.	Gas Co.
J. Wenger.	Schaake Mach. W.
J. H. Todd & Sons.	W. E. Vanstone.
J. Barnsley & Co.	J. Thia & Co.
J. A. Sayward.	J. Tobacco.
J. T. Orr.	W. A. Clark.
Kam Lung.	Winch & Bower.
Kohlberg & Co.	W. H. Malkin.
Murphy, G. & Co.	Phipps, A. & Co.
P. McG. & Son.	Parsons Pro. Co.
R. P. Rithet & Co.	O'Brien & Jackson.
R. Maynard.	Central Fish Mkt.
R. Baker & Son.	B. & McGregor.
Sinclair & Co.	W. G. Stevenson.
Wells, Fargo & Co.	

By Steamer Victorian from the Sound:

J. McPhail.	Baker & Son.
H. L. DeBeck.	Brackman & Ker.
J. H. Todd.	D. Leeming.
R. H. Jameson.	Densmore T. W. Co.
W. J. Lang.	D. J. McDonald.
R. J. Walker.	W. M. Laughton.
H. C. Becton.	G. Powell & Co.
F. C. Davidge.	W. S. Fraser.
McCandless Bros.	D. Spencer.
Sin. & Gordon.	J. D. McGregor.
Pither & Leiser.	S. Leiser.
Weller Bros.	Johns Bros.
F. S. Harmon & Co.	A. & W. Wilson.
Mrs. G. A. Pringle.	Mrs. A. Bangs.
J. Meston.	Henry Busby.
Pope Sta. Co.	Agent N. P. Ex. Co.
Barber Bros.	

By Steamer Islander from Vancouver:

E. & N. Ry.	J. Clay.
W. T. Bullen.	Speed Bros.
G. A. Carleton.	Fell & Co.
Act. Ord. Officer.	Jones & Co.
W. S. Butt.	M. & Robertson.
F. R. Stewart.	A. & W. Wilson.
J. H. Todd & Sons.	Geo. Watson.
Watson & Hall.	S. Leiser & Co.
Schroeder Bros.	H. Maitland Kersey.
Johns Bros.	W. A. Ward.
H. A. Lilley.	Savoy.
Saunders & Co.	J. Y. Griffin & Co.
F. Carne, Jr.	Henderson Bros.
A. McG. & Son.	Johns Bros.
W. S. Fraser & Co.	J. Ibbotson.
Rithet & Co.	F. Donaldson.
Erskine, W. & Co.	Durand Bros.
L. Wille.	T. E. Plummer.
Earsman, H. &Co.	Bessinger & Co.
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A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a twenty-five cent bottle of Dr. Wills' English Pills, if, after using three-fourths of contents of bottle, they do not relieve Constipation and Headache. We also warrant that four bottles will permanently cure the most obstinate case of Constipation. Satisfaction or no pay when Wills' English Pills are used.

Moore & Co., druggists, Yates street, Victoria, B. C.

Wm. Jackson & Co., chemists, Victoria, B. C.

D. E. Campbell, chemist, cor. Fort and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C.

Dean & Hiscocks, druggists, cor. Yates and Broad streets, Victoria, B. C.

Chas. E. Jones, People's Pharmacy, 30 and 32 Government street, Victoria, B. C.

First Chess Tournament.

Matches To Be Played in the Reading Room of the Driard To-Night.

Rugby Football Team Goes to Vancouver---Association Matches at Home.

This evening the chess match between two teams of the Victoria Chess Club will be played in the reading room of the Driard hotel by kind permission of Mr. Hartnagel, the proprietor. The occasion is the inauguration of the fine sets of chessmen presented to the club by Mr. S. M. Robins, who has always during his long membership shown great interest in the club. Chess is undoubtedly the finest and most scientific game known, and is for that reason called the "royal game." This evening the teams, although not composed of champion players, will handle their armies in a manner which would be a credit to most amateur clubs. The responsibility of selecting the two teams falls on Mr. C. A. Lombard, the secretary and treasurer of the club, and it is said by those who know that both teams are well matched. The members are called for 8 o'clock to arrange preliminaries and play begins at 8:15 sharp. The players at each board will draw lots for choice of colors and exchange men for the second game, two games to be played at each board by the same players. The games must be all played by midnight. Games not concluded at that hour will be analyzed by two referees and the game given in favor of the player having the strongest position or advantage. The teams are to be known as the Pros and Cons, and are as follows:

Pros—B. Williams, Gordon Hunter, A. F. Gibson, Capt. E. C. Clarke, Dr. A. Garesche, Capt. Michell, C. W. Rhodes, J. L. Meyer, P. T. Johnston, W. Sutton.

Cons.—W. Marchant, Dr. Geo. Potts, W. Alliott, Geo. Langley, A. W. Harvey, B. J. Perry, B. Bentley, C. A. Lombard, A. S. Tuner, A. Gonnason.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

Third League Game.

At Beacon Hill this afternoon the third Association football match in the junior league series will be played, commencing at 2 sharp. The contestants are the Columbias and Maple Leafs, the teams being as follows:

Columbias—Goal, McKilligan; backs, Blackbourn and Okell; half-backs, Kinlock, Wales and Sweetland; forwards, W. Kinloch, Smith, Anderton, McArthur and Kroeger. Colors, red.

Maple Leafs—Goal, W. Malcolm; backs, Gowen and Luscombe; half-backs, Winsby, Willicroft and Belyea (captain); forwards, T. Peden, Dakers, Stewart, Bishop and Cousins. Colors, white.

Columbias vs. Warspite.

At 3 o'clock, also at Beacon Hill, the senior Columbias will meet a team from H. M. S. Warspite. The Columbias will be represented by: Dalby, goal; Nesbitt and Robertson, backs; Turner, Brown and Marshall, half-backs; Fell, Berkeley, Netherby, Lawson and Wilson, forwards.

League Meeting.

The annual meeting of the British Columbia Association Football League will be held at Nanaimo to-day and the season's schedule arranged. The intermediate league meets next Saturday in this city.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

Team For Vancouver.

The Victoria Rugby team left by the Islander this morning to meet Vancouver at Brockton Point. This is the first match between these two teams, but both have defeated Nanaimo, so an exciting match is anticipated. A number of Victorians went over to give the team a little encouragement.

HOCKEY.

Practice Match.

This afternoon at the Oak Bay park the members of the Victoria Hockey Club will hold a practice match at which all members are requested to attend. Play will commence at 3 sharp, teams being chosen on the field by the captain and vice-captain. It is absolutely necessary for everybody desiring a place on the team to play Vancouver to turn out to this and the following practices as there is only a short period in which to perfect themselves for the opening match of the season. This game will be played at Brockton point on the 25th of this month and the return will probably take place at Oak Bay park early in December. It is hoped that with these fixtures in view there will be large turnouts at various practices, due notice of which will be given to the members. The club ought to make a special effort to settle in its favor the tie which is now the result of no less than three years' games with the Vancouver hockey club, and with this object before them the committee are arranging to have two other matches after Christmas besides those above mentioned, so as to ensure plenty of interest being taken in the game. The ladies' club here are also practising very faithfully, meeting twice a week, it being their intention to play the Duncan aggregation in the near future.

BASKET BALL.

This Evening's Match.

At the Drill hall this evening, commencing at 9 o'clock, the first basket ball match of the season will be held, between the Bays and No. 1 Company. The teams follow:

Bays—W. Stephen, M. Finlaison, C. McNeill, H. Galbraith, F. E. Smith, W. L. B. Young and A. E. Belfry, with J. Bland and R. Jesse as substitutes.

No. 1 Company—Guard, C. Marshall; backs, J. Hunter, E. M. Burns (captain); forwards, C. E. Berkeley, F. Fawcett, E. McMicking and N. O'Brien.

THE TURF.

Hunt Club.

The Victoria Hunt Club will meet at 2 this afternoon at Richardson street for a club run.

Electricity is used to operate the type bars of a new typewriter, which has a magnet set in position to operate the levers when the keys are depressed a short distance, making it annecessary to force the key down for the full stroke.

Rev. Dr. S. M. Haskins, of Williamsburg, N. Y., has been in continuous ministerial service in one place longer than nearly any other clergyman in the country. For sixty years he has been rector of St. Mark's Episcopal church.

LIFE INSURANCE DEARER.

Canadian Companies Agree on Uniform Increase Taking Effect With New Year.

Montreal, Nov. 10.—(Special)—Twelve out of the sixteen Canadian life insurance companies have adopted a uniform increase in the rates of premiums, to go into effect January 1. The remaining four companies will also increase rates, some to a greater, perhaps some to a lesser extent, according to circumstances, the advance to be general.

FAST ATLANTIC SERIVCE.

Van Horne May Yet Come to the Rescue of the Dominion Government.

From the Montreal Witness.

The remark attributed to Mr. Shaughnessy, president of the C. P. R., at Vancouver, to the effect that the company had steamers on one ocean at present, and possibly might have them on another, has been considered to have reference to the fast Atlantic service. In this connection it may perhaps be recalled that Sir William Van Horne, some time before he retired from the position of president, had an interesting conversation with a Witness representative, in the course of which he gave an outline of a scheme in his mind by which such a service could be rendered successful from the start.

In the first place, the boats were to be the fastest afloat. Nothing less than the possession of this advantage would give emphasis to the new service. It must be ahead of what was offered in New York. The equipment must surpass everything yet reached in the way of comfort. The saloons must be sybaritic in their luxury. There must not be a sharp angle anywhere. Everything must be soft and rounded. The utmost elegance should mark every appointment; the table must be of the best; no thought of sparing expense must enter the minds of those who had to do with this enterprise. For what was the object of the fast Atlantic service? To give, no doubt, an independent Canadian service for passengers and mails, but also to attract American travel, of which a very considerable volume might be secured by the St. Lawrence route if the particulars indicated were attended to. For the American, when travelling, loved comfort, and if comfort were assured him he would delight in a trip up or down the Gulf. The boats, then, must be record-breakers, in every sense, so that from the start they would get talked about. Each boat would be its own advertisement. Less than the best should not be attempted. The outlay was not to be considered. The results were to be kept in mind; the C. P. R. was not afraid to spend money to make money; that must be done in every enterprise from which much was expected.

This is a brief outline of the idea which was in Sir William's mind. The president was asked if the company intended to open negotiations with the federal government in regard to the matter, and replied that it would be the business of the government to make the first overtures to the company; but it was clearly gathered from the drift of Sir William's conversation that the company would not be afraid to take hold of the enterprise.

There is no doubt that the name of Sir William Van Horne is, financially speaking, one to conjure with. There need be little misgiving that he would be able to secure all the aid necesasry should the working out of the idea as an independent scheme be thought of. On the other hand, should the company, in co-operation with the government, undertake to carry out the scheme, it is reasonably certain that it would make as signal success of the fast Atlantic as it has done of the Pacific service—the latter, from the start, having to encounter the most strenous opposition.

SOLDIERS' PLUMES.

Ostrich Feathers Substituted in the English Army for Osprey.

The osprey plume is to be banished from the army, so that it will soon be no longer possible for reformers of headgear to gibe at the army on this account. The new army orders (166 and 167, of 1899) state:

First—Her Majesty the Queen has been pleased to approve of the adoption by officers of the Royal Horse Artillery, Hussars and the Rifle Regiment of a plume of ostrich feathers, instead of the osprey plume now in use.

Second—Officers may continue to wear the osprey plumes now in their possession until December 31, 1901, but officers providing themselves with new plumes after the date of this order will obtain plumes of ostrich feathers.

Patterns of the new plumes are on view to the army officers at the war office. The official specification is as follows:

Ostrich feathers, mounted on a stem, to a special pattern, of the color of the osprey plumes now in wear, except in the King's Royal Rifle Corps, where they will be scarlet instead of black. The lower part of the plume is encircled by a ring—gilt for officers of the Royal Horse Artillery and Hussars, and bronze for rifle regiments. Below, within a metal socket, a vulture feather bottom is at present worn, except in the King's Royal Rifle Corps, where the feathers will be black. Socket for officers Royal Horse Artillery, three flames gilt; for officers of Hussars, gilt corded ball with four upright leaves, and for officers of rifle regiments, bronze corded ball, threaded pattern, in the Scottish Rifles; three upright leaves and flames in the other rifle regiments. Height of plumes for officers of Royal Horse Artillery, and Hussars, fifteen inches; and for officers of rifle regiments, seven inches from the top of the busby to the top of the plume.

The lambskin, according to the army orders just issued, will no longer form part of the equipment of officers of the Royal Garrison Artillery.—London News.

AN ASTONISHED DIPLOMAT.

From the New York World.

The surprise expressed by Sir Louis Davies, the Canadian minister of marine and fisheries, over his reception by the New York custom house officials on his arrival is not unnatural.

He had been told that as a representative of the British government he was entitled to "the courtesy of the port," and when he confidingly placed himself within the jurisdiction of the treasury department of the United States, he discovered that this meant "the discourtesy of the port." On his refusal to have his trunks opened and searched and his diplomatic documents, which were the property of his government, overhauled to make sure that they were not dutiable, his trunks were put in bond and he was allowed to pass through the country with his gripsack.

The custom house authorities say he "has no cause for complaint," and perhaps he has not. He was treated as if he were a full-fledged American citizen—"like one of the family."

As a diplomat Sir Louis ought to know that in this country every home-returning citizen is required to swear that he is not bringing in anything dutiable, and then to have his trunks opened in search of proof that he is a perjurer and a smuggler. This is facetiously called "the courtesy of the port."

Letters to the Editor.

FAIR PLAY.

Sir: I am surprised to see by the Times that our worthy mayor has so suddenly realized that there are people in Victoria only waiting for an opportunity to give their mite to the Imperial war fund, but doubtless when he hears that the concert committee have already decided to remain on the active list, and have already received subscriptions and opened an account to that end, he will stand aside and not attempt to usurp the place that the committee are trying to make for themselves without the assistance of civic patronage.

W. RIDGWAY-WILSON.

ADVERTISING VICTORIA.

Sir: Do you remember the Eastern story of a man who waited at the Gates of Paradise for one thousand years, and feeling tired went to sleep for five minutes, only to find on awakening that the gates had opened and closed again forever?

Does not this story remind you somewhat of Victoria's position to-day? She has been asleep for many years; in the interval of time many cities and towns have grown up all around her. On awakening, she finds these cities and towns reaching out for and grasping the trade she once enjoyed, and gathering in the population that might have been hers.

And yet, unlike the man waiting at the Gates of Paradise, she still has time to stem the tide of outflowing population that is passing her gates, to bring back the prosperity she once enjoyed, and to increase her trade and population a hundredfold. Advertising is the golden key which, if used properly and with business sense, will pour wealth and population into our midst, and bring us the prosperity we are all so eagerly waiting for. To illustrate my meaning more freely, I would suggest the following for the careful consideration of the city council and the board of trade advertising committee:

1. That an appropriation be placed at the credit of advertising account at the first of each year.

2. That a committee be appointed by the board of trade to canvass the merchants and get guaranteed monthly subscriptions for the same purpose.

3. That an experienced advertising man be engaged to look after this work and do nothing else.

He should be given full powers as to the spending of the appropriations, the proper mediums to be used in advertising, and be held responsible for results. His duties would be:

To write and place all advertising.

To answer all letters of inquiry.

To write and distribute booklets.

To push through the proper mediums and channels Victoria's advantages as a health resort.

To advertise through sporting journals or otherwise the inducements we have to offer sportsmen.

To advertise any openings for new industries.

To advertise (for the benefit of tourists) our magnificent scenery and beautiful drives.

To get up and distribute maps of the city and near-by points of interest that would most likely interest visitors, giving table of distances, means and cost of transportation, etc.

To write and distribute short, interesting stories about our fisheries, mines, sealing fleet, iron foundries, naval station and parliament buildings, which stories would be gladly accepted by the newspapers and printed free of charge.

If the above suggestions (or only part of them) should be carried out with proper business sense and wisdom, I have no doubt that the results would more than satisfy our most sanguine expectations.

T. P. McCONNELL.

HELPING OURSELVES.

Sir: The moral of your editorial of yesterday, and of many that have preceded it, is that we must rely upon our personal exertions. The old babble that this government or that, this or that great company should do this or that for Victoria whilst its citizens fold their hands in careless slumber is the apathy of the imbecile. What we have to do we must do ourselves and do with all our individual and collective might. We shall find all the opposition we may require to add vim to our determination from amongst our fellow citizens. The mugwumps are an abiding nuisance that have to be borne with.

Public works, especially if they are of a self-supporting nature, do more than aught else to increase population and promote prosperity. They circulate money through the wage earning classes amongst the largest body of ratepayers, those that provide the necessities of life. With this comes an increase of trade and demand for increased transportation facilities, creating an objective point of railways. Outsiders will seek connection with us for their own sakes if there is the trade and life in the town worth cultivating.

The board of trade proposes that the government should do a little bit of dredging to make an almost obsolete style of freighters to twist in and about the rocks that impede the navigation of our harbor. This would not meet the demands of the present, let alone the Victoria of the near future. What we want is a spacious deep water harbor, commodious enough and safe enough for modern freighters to enter and leave at any time with every facility for speedy discharge, for coaling, repairing, outfitting, etc. This would tend to cultivate and develop trade.

We want all the railway communication we can get, and we want all the shipping facilities we can get, and we want them simultaneously. I advocate the harbor first because it is purely a public enterprise, wanting no bonus, holding out no promise of dividends, simply self-supporting on its present business, the works themselves creating assets in excess of the liabilities. There are no claimants to profits, the gain comes to the city of Victoria. The works themselves would not only create an era of prosperity but would facilitate the interchange of freight between the freight carriers by water and the freight carriers by land and build up and stimulate the trade of the port as nothing else would.

The suggestion I made to the committee of investigation was this: 1. Obtain all data that outside engineers may require to enable them to form correct opinions on the matter. 2. Appoint a commissison of engineers, say Mr. Kennedy, the engineer to the harbor board of Montreal as a special expert authority, Mr. Roy, the Dominion resident engineer, and Mr. Topp, the city engineer, with instructions to report on the whole question and advise thereon. 3. If their report is favorable place the requisite by-law before the people and let them decide yea or nay. 4. If favorable, obtain the requisite legislation from Ottawa.

THOS. C. SORBY.

Victoria, Nov. 10, 1899.

QUEN MING YIIAN.

Sir: Our war with China in 1860 was entered into with clean hands, not stained with opium. The war soon ceased; the Chinese had placed all their hopes of defence in the forts at Taku, guarding the Tientsin or Peiho river, the approach to the capital. These forts were captured without difficulty in August, and Peking was shortly afterwards occupied by the allied powers—France and England. Eight miles to the northwest stood the park, gardens and palaces of the Yuen Ming Yiian and Wan Show Shan, the Versailles of the Emperor of China. Here, amid an expanse covering fifteen miles square of ground, all the ingenious diversities and embellishments of Chinese architectural and horticultural art had been exhausted to produce a terrestrial paradise. This beautiful monument of perpetual brightness was devastated and burnt by order in retaliation for an act of treachery on the part of the Chinese. The officials in charge thus explain it:

"Imperial decree relating to Yuen Ming Yiian:—Tsai Yiian (the Prince of Yi) memorializes, requesting correction for his own shortcomings and punishment for the officers who were on duty."

"It appears that when Yuen Ming Yiian was thrown into disorder, the Prince and other high officials who had charge of the place could not make preparation for its defence. Their fault is indeed inexcusable.

"Let a punishment for Tsai Yiian and eight others (who are named) be determined by the board. Ngan Ling having already been stripped of his official rank and deprived of the Peacock's Feather, but left in office, let his title as 'High Minister' be still further taken from him. As an act of grace, let him retain his rank in the second grade of nobility.

"Respect this!!!"

Dated about January, 1861.

C. F. MOORE.

Why is it that one man is old and decrepit at 45, and another is hale and hearty at 80? It depends upon the care he takes of himself. Often a man's body gets out of repair—the trouble grows until it lays him out in bed. Whenever a man feels that he is not as well as a man ought to be, whenever he is listless, without energy and without vitality, whenever he finds that he is losing weight, and that his ordinary work gives him undue fatigue, he needs Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. If he keeps on working with his liver inactive and his blood impure—he keeps his nerves and his body under a constant nervous strain. He will not be hearty when he is old. The "Golden Medical Discovery" cures many so-called diseases, because nearly all illness springs from the same thing—bad digestion and consequent impure blood. The "Discovery" makes the appetite good, the digestion strong, assimilation easy, and the blood rich and pure.

PASO ROBLES HOT SPRINGS

The California Missions were founded in the healthiest parts of the State. San Miguel Mission was located in the beautiful Salinas Valley, not far from Paso Robles Hot Springs. The climate is dry, warm and invigorating. Hot Mineral, Mud and Sulphur Springs bubble up in abundance to heal the sick—to keep the healthy always so. Pullman cars to door. Write for booklet. OTTO E. NEVER, Prop. Paso Robles, Cal. OWEN

Work.

Work forms the greater part of the successful man's life, and it takes good health to do it. Abbey's Effervescent Salt taken daily gives the perfect health that accomplishes much. It prevents disease and cures diseases already developed.

25c and 60c a bottle. All druggists.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER

Mortgagees' Sale.

I am instructed to sell by public auction on

Tuesday, November 21

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

At my sale rooms, Board of Trade building, under the powers of sale contained in mortgages registered respectively in Charge Book, vol. 12, folio 197, No. 15,062 B, and Charge Book, vol. 12, folio 792, No. 16139 B.

All that piece or parcel of land having a frontage of 85 feet on the Gorge road, opposite the Centennial Methodist church, more particularly described in said mortgages, together with the well built two-storey, eight-room residence thereon.

The house is well built, on a stone foundation, forming a good sized cellar; is steam heated, with hot and cold water pipes and radiators, bath and lavatory.

Attached to and entered from the dining room is a conservatory.

The grounds are laid out with fruit and ornamental trees and shrubs.

For inspection of title, cards to view the premises, or any further particulars, apply to

E. M. JOHNSON,
6 Broughton Street,
Agent for Mortgagees.

P. O. Box 188. Telephone 74.

Albion Iron Works Co, Ltd.

Are now offering their large variety of

STOVES and RANGES

At Wholesale Prices

Don't buy an Imported Stove when you can buy the Home-made Article for less money.

A call at their store-rooms on Store Street and Pembroke Street will convince you.

Plating in all its Branches is now Executed by Competent Workmen

Carpet Season....

In our new Carpet Department we are better prepared than ever to show our goods under favorable conditions . . . . .

A very comprehensive range of well selected

Goods in Templeton's and Crossley's

Latest, also the choice of other leading manufacturers

PRICES TO SUIT EVERYBODY

WEILER BROS.' Second Floor.

Walter S. Fraser & Co. Ltd.

— Dealers in —

HARDWARE,

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, ETC., PIPE, FITTINGS, ETC., MILL, LOGGING AND MINING SUPPLIES, METALLIC SHINGLES, SIDING, ETC.

Telephone 3. P. O. Box 423. Wharf Street, VICTORIA, B.C.

CUSTOMS BLANKS

All the New Forms Required by the New Customs Regulations

Are to be had at the office THE COLONIST in any quantity desired.

W. PELLEW-HARVEY & CO.
Mining Engineers, Assayers, and Chemists.
15 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.
Next door Driard Hotel.

JOHN KENNEDY.
Stand: Yates Street. Express for Hire.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed tenders will be received up to Tuesday at 12 o'clock noon, 14th inst., for sidewalks on Johnson and Store streets.

Plans and specifications can be seen at my office.

Lowest nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS HOOPER,
Architect.

VICTORIA THEATRE

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13 h.
Only matinee Saturday

VICTORIA'S FAVORITES

Jules Grau's Opera Company

AT PEOPLE'S PRICES:
25 cents, 50 cents and 75 cents

LOOK AT THIS REPERTOIRE:

Monday ..... "Wang"
Tuesday ..... "Olivette"
Wednesday ..... "Paul Jones"
Thursday ..... "Mikado"
Friday ..... "Erminie"
Saturday ..... "Gondoliers"

YOUNG AND POWERFUL CHORUS.
GRAU'S OWN ORCHESTRA.

Sale of seats opens at Victoria Book and Stationery Store to-morrow (Friday) morning at 9 o'clock.

RAGS WANTED.

4 cents a Pound will be paid for Clean Cotton Rags--not small cuttings--at this office.

Householders Qualification.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS, 1900.

All persons wishing to qualify, under the above qualification, as voters for the ensuing Municipal Elections for the year 1900, in accordance with clause 2 of section 6 of the Municipal Elections Act, 1897, can do so by calling at the Assessor's office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 1st day of December next.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
City Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C., Nov. 3, 1899.

APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.

A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES

Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia Pennyroyal, &c.

Order of all Chemists, or post free for $1.50 from 'EVANS & SONS, LTD., Victoria, B. C.

Martin, Pharmaceutical Chemist. Southampton.